

# «FS –SYSTEMET» DEVELOPING A SYSTEM FOR DATA COLLECTION OF DIABETES MELLITUS IN NORWAY

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#### "FS-SYSTEMET" – DIABNOR at HelsIT 2015

- "FS-SYSTEMET"
  - The origins an when the innovation happened?
  - Who has been using FS-systemet?
- "FS-SYSTEMET" DIABNOR
  - When, What, Who and How?
  - Why and What Now?

# "FS-SYSTEMET" – was there a genuine need & were the right people involved?

- In 1995, a research foundation (HELTEF) expressed a need for "simple" IT solution to administer patient satisfaction questionnaires to all patients from two hospitals over a three year period
  - Bjørn Guldvog give ideas (now Director General at The Norwegian Directorate of Health)
  - Tove Kopperud (now retired IT specialist at Akershus University Hospital) help to choose reliable, structured data from the Patient Administrative System (PAS)

#### "FS-SYSTEMET" - Objectives and concept

- "FS-SYSTEMET" has two objectives
  - To improve the efficiency of research at hospitals
  - To build a system which facilitates the practical use of scientific findings within hospitals
- "FS-SYSTEMET" is:
  - A concept for multi-center research studies, team building and collaboration
  - A modular system of MS Access and SQL databases for the retrieval of data from the patient administrative systems (PAS) and other IT systems

# "FS-SYSTEMET" – required to be "simple" but also to meet legal requirements

"FS-systemet" has been reviewed (legally and technically) on several occasions by an independent review group and The Data Protection Agency in Norway.

A review in 2009 concluded:

The review group considers "FS-systemet" as a suitable, thoroughly prepared and justifiable technical solution for processing personal data within the type of research that was evaluated.

kunnskapssenteret

# Who used "FS-SYSTEMET" in Norway (1995-2015)?

- Patient and user experience surveys
- National quality indicators (30 days mortality and readmissions to hospital)
- National occurrence studies (cardio vascular diseases, diabetes, hip fractures)
- Key performance indicators (KPI) at hospitals
- Supplementing the dataset of The Medical Birth Registry of Norway

### "FS-SYSTEMET" – Quality of data?

- 30 days mortality projects (CVD, hip fracture, stroke)
  - 45 hospitals controlled 6.500 patient medical records
  - Project leaded independent control of 15 hospitals (2.250 patient medical records)

#### The report concluded:

"The quality control revealed that more than 99% of the data in our data set for the following variables: date and time of admission, main diagnosis and index diagnosis, was correct as compared to the patients' medical records."

#### "FS-SYSTEMET" - which data are collected?

- Administrative data from all Norwegian health trusts for all/selected/sampled in- or outpatients
  - personal identification number
  - patients' name and address
  - survival status
  - ward and department time of admission and time of discharge
  - type of admission (acute or planned)
  - primary and secondary diagnoses and procedures
- Linked laboratory data from all Norwegian health trusts

### "FS-SYSTEMET" DIABNOR - Healthcare and IT systems within hospitals in Norway in 2011

- 65 hospitals
- 3 Patient Administrative Systems (PAS)
- Norwegian Patient Register with person identified from 01.01.2008. Incomplete in 2008 and 2009.
- THE MOST Restrictive privacy protection policies
  - The Norwegian Prescription Database is "pseudonymised" dataset
  - "The privacy of the individual is strictly protected and data is anonymous"

### "FS-SYSTEMET" DIABNOR – which data WERE linked?

- FS-data was collected from all somatic hospitals comprising admissions; day surgery and outpatient care for the 7-year-period 2004-2010 on patients with diabetes mellitus (ICD10 E10\*-E14\*)
- Personal identification number enabled efficient linking of FS-data to:
  - National Population Register
  - Statistics Norway
  - The Norwegian Prescription Database: Waiting to link this data - the FS-data will thereafter be anonymous

kunnskapssenteret

### Quality of DIABNOR "FS-data" compared to NPR-data

- The FS-data for patients with diabetes mellitus was compared with the data collected by the Norwegian Patient Register for the year 2010.
- The general conclusion for year 2010 is that FSsystemet collected as much or more identifiable patients, admissions, day surgery and outpatient consultation as the Norwegian Patient Register
  - 173 951 patients with diabetes mellitus
  - More than 3.8 million admissions, day surgery and outpatient consultations

# "FS-SYSTEMET" DIABNOR – which data can be linked additionally in 2015?

- Personal identification number enables efficient linking of FS-DIABNOR data to:
  - Data from primary care (from 2004-now)
  - Norwegian Patient Register (from 2009-now)
  - National Health Registries (15)
  - Health quality registries (47) and most interesting among them:
    - Norwegian Diabetes Register for Adults
    - Norwegian Child Diabetes Registry

### "FS-SYSTEMET" DIABNOR – How can the data be used?

- The central registry/research project can establish controlling policies and procedures and ask for control of quality of data at source of data
- The issuing organization can control the quality of each peace of data at the origin
- Each patient can be contacted by treating hospital/primary care doctor/.. for treatment or PROM, Patient experience, .... or
- The contact can be done by the central registry on behalf of the treating institution

kunnskapssenteret

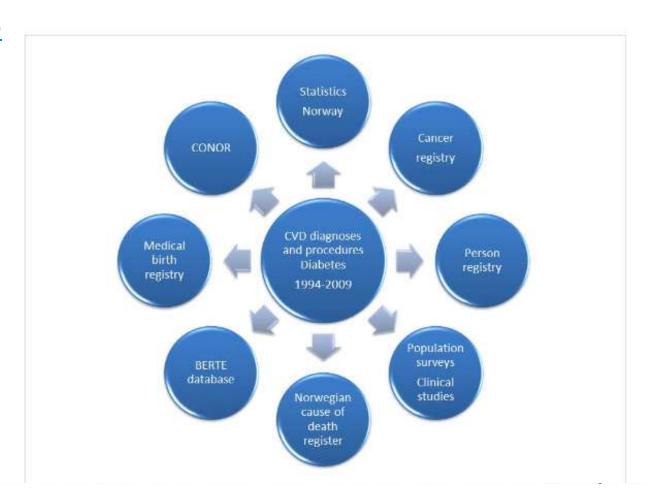
### "FS-SYSTEMET" DIABNOR – Who can use the data?



# FS-SYSTEMET – CVDNOR (CardioVascular Disease in NORway), 1994–2009

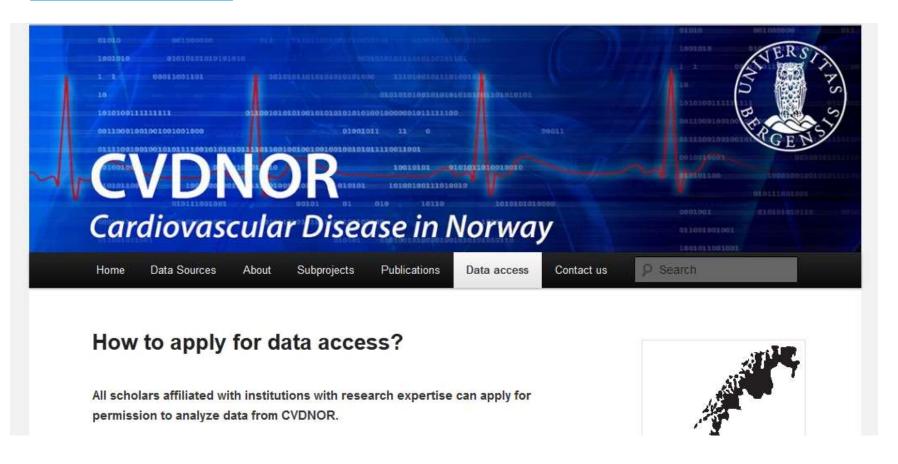
#### CVDNOR Data Sources

www.cvdnor.no



#### FS-SYSTEMET – CVDNOR 1994–2009

#### www.cvdnor.no



#### "FS-SYSTEMET" DIABNOR – Spørsmål?

- Interessant å diskutere hva som gjør det ene registrert bedre egnet enn det andre til forskningsformål (FS vs NPR vs Kvalitetsregister)
- Er det problemstillinger rundt tilgang og bruk av disse dataene?



#### "FS-SYSTEMET" – Organic growth?

