ARCHITECTURE AND THE CITY

AAR 4721 Arkitektur og by – Prosjektemne Vår AAR 4725 Arkitektur og by – Kunnskapsemne Vår

Course leader – Stuart Dickson

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Student capacity - 50 students

Teachers – Markus Schwai

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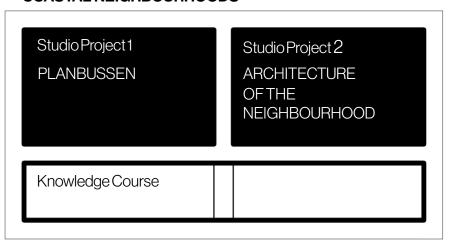
ARCHITECTURE AND THE CITY

The Architecture and the City course option is:

- A 15 credit design studio course and a 7.5 credit knowledge course.
- A collaborative studio addressing urban and architectural topics across a range of scales.
- Focused on concrete urban design and architectural projects related to contemporary issues and discourse.
- In the **Spring** semester we work on **urban design** and **housing projects**.

Spring 2024 Theme – Coastal Neighbourhoods

COASTAL NEIGHBOURHOODS



- Spring Theme: Coastal Neighbourhoods
- Students can select from **two project options: 1. Planbussen**Project Leader Markus Schwai
 - **2. Architecture of the Neighbourhood**Project leader Stuart Dickson

Shared Studio





We work simultaneously on different knowledge and design task in an open studio to create a
larger shared knowledge and understanding and allow you to be inspired by one anothers work.

Co-ordinated timetabling

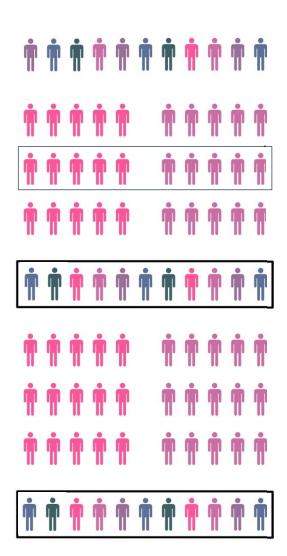
Commencement

Intermediate weeks formal or informal collaboration + study trip

Mid-term Critiques

Intermediate weeks formal or informal collaboration + study trips

Final Review + Assessment



The two projects work side-byside in the same studio.

Broad understanding of the theme is achieved through common lectures, seminars, trips, events and reviews.

Deep knowledge is gained by focused work on individual topic choices.

Theme: Coastal Neighbourhoods

Design Project Options

Project Option 1 Planbussen

Project Leader - Markus Schwai



Planbussen

...is a hands—on course and approach to practical rural planning and development at the intersection between planning, architecture and 'stedsutvikling' (place development).

This spring we will be working with two settlements within the "place-to-town" scale, each situated in a coastal municipality in Trøndelag.

Planbussen 2024

Rural planning, design and development in practice

Planbussen 2024

Rural planning, design and development in practice

A part of the collaboration courses

AAR4721 Architecture and the city – project course

AAR4725 Architecture and the city – knowledge course

Planbussen is

A hands-on course and approach to practical rural planning and development, at the intersection between planning, architecture and 'stedsutvikling' (place development). The course deals with contemporary questions and challenges in different sized towns, and works directly and in close collaboration with selected municipalities, based on their unique situation, possibilities and opportunities. Through intensive field-work, and an active involvement of the local communities, we create projects that aims to merge the physical and the social development of 'place'.

Planbussen does

- Area planning and strategies
- Connectivity and connections
- Architecture and interventions
- Nature and landscape

- Place and space development
- User involvment and participation
- Critical sustainability assesment
- And more...

Planbussen, why?

- 912 out of 1057 Norwegian settlements have less than 5000 inhabitants
- 1 out of 2 municiapilities are in need of more planning competence
- Smaller towns and settlements lack clear planning and development strategies, compared to the cities
- Cities handle possibilities
 Towns must create them

Studio Planbussen 2024

- AAR4721 Architecture and the city project course (15sp)
- AAR4725 Architecture and the city knowledge course (7.5sp)
- Open for approx. 8-16 students*
- Runs from February to June 2024
- 2 projects, 2 sites, 2 municipalities
- Design projects will be done in groups of 2-4 students
- Knowledge course as a collective or joint assignment
- Studio in Trondheim, possibly funded excursion and workshop abroad
- Supervisors are Prof.dr. Markus Schwai and Phd.cand. Erik Hofsbro
- See <u>www.planbussen.no</u> for more information and previous works

^{*}Planbussen requires a high level of critical thinking and independent work







WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT
6	START	Introduction and first assignments
7	FIELDWORK	Short fieldwork (#1)(1-3 days)
8	INTERMESSO	Project development (#1) and preperation for next field work (#2)
9	FIELDWORK	Long fieldwork with project development and presentation (#2)
10	WORK	Daytrip presentation (#1) and project development (#2)
11	WORK	Work Work
12	WORK	Possible pin-up or review
13	EASTER	Holiday
14	WORK	Possible pin-up or review
15	WORK	Work
16	WORK	
17	WORK	Possible pin-up or review
18	ABROAD	Excursion and workshop abroad
19	WORK	
20	WORK	
21	HAND-IN	Final design project delivery
22	CRITICS	Design critics
23	PRESENTATION	Project presentations at the municipalities and theory work
24	HAND-IN	Theory work delivery
25	STOP	END OF SEMESTER



Prof.dr.

Markus Schwai

markus.schwai@ntnu.no

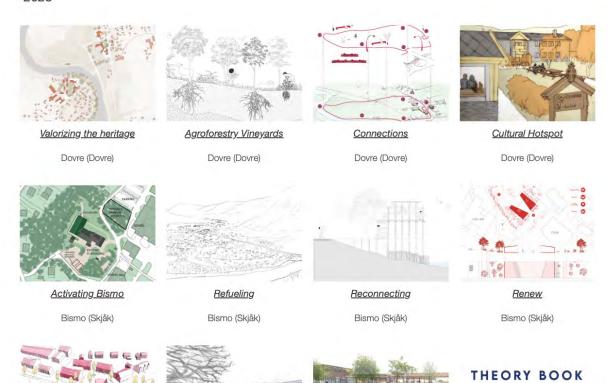


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www.planbussen.no

PROSJEKTER

2023



2023

kommunehus ungdomshus hotell mat utsikt 1:5 000 Course presentation www.planbussen.no

Planning example - Vågå (2006)

Ryggraden, som går gjennom hele Vågåmo, knytter til seg alt som finnes der av tilbud i dag. Alt nytt som legges til vil også knyttes til denne. For å styrke ryggraden er det viktig at busstasjonen beholdes der den er i dag og at det opparbeides en ny turistinformasjon nærmere kirken.

Langs elven Finna opparbeides et grøntdrag som strekker seg fra elvemunningen og opp til kirken. Hit legges fritidsaktiviteter som trekker mye folk.

Kirken, det viktigste punktet i bygda, ligger der disse to linjene møtes.



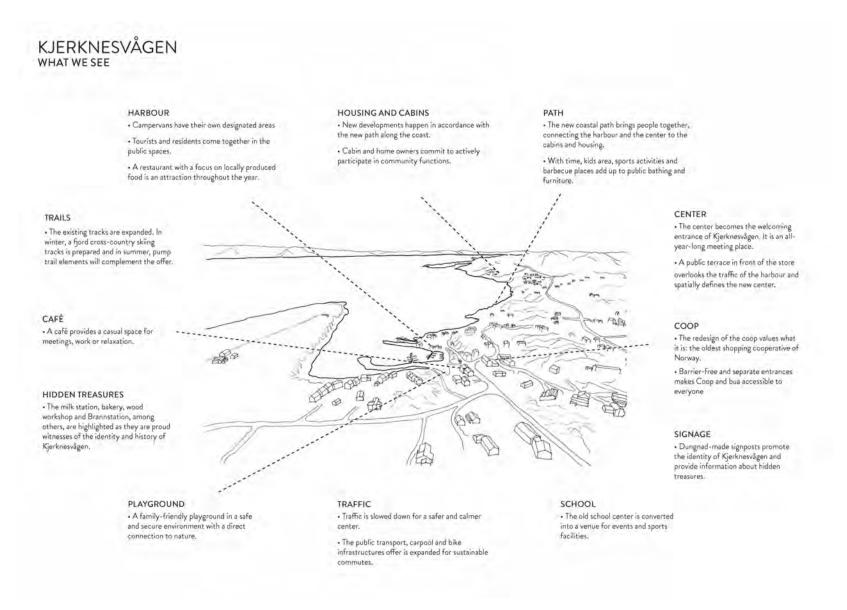
ny turistinformasjon

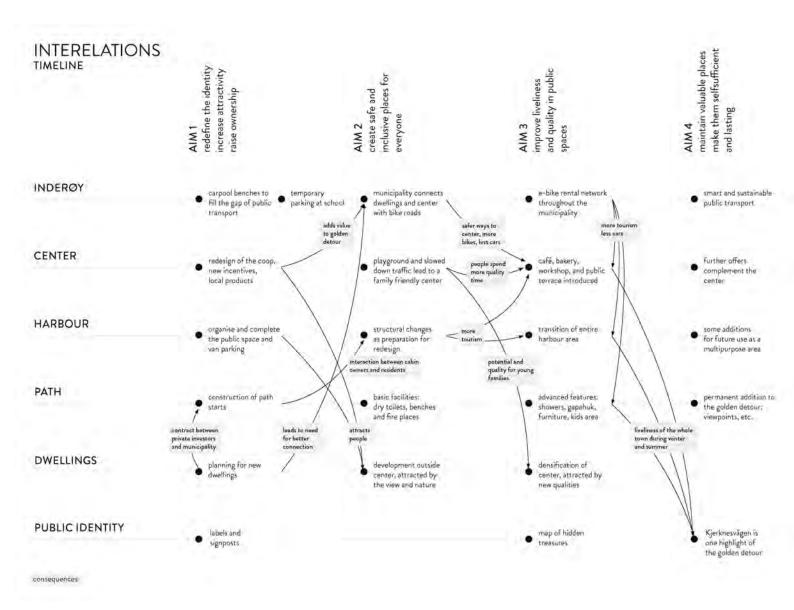




Illustrated future - Kjærknesvågen (2022)

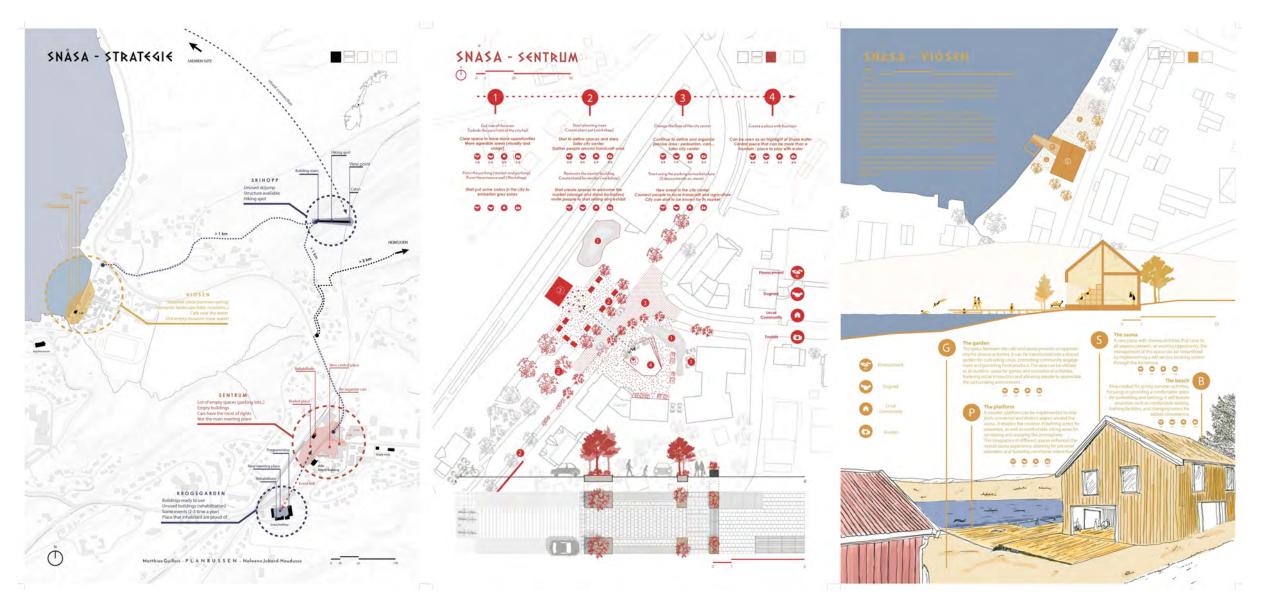


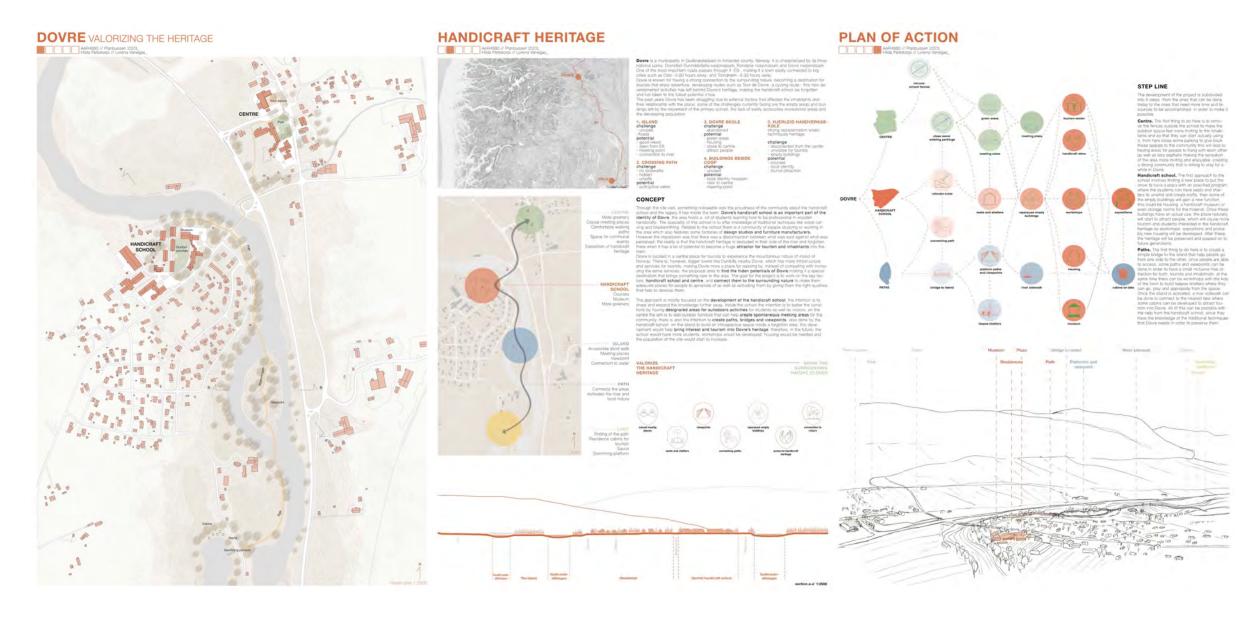






Project example - Snåsa (2023)











www.planbussen.no

Project Option 2

The Architecture of the Neighbourhood - Stjørdal

Project Leader - Stuart Dickson



- Explore an alternative development strategy for the town of Stjordal.
- Provide solutions for a diversified housing mix different typologies and tenures – e.g. housing for students to elderly / rental and market sectors.
- Work at the different scales—the city, the neighbourhood, the building and the dwelling.
- Working with Stjordal Kommune and its partners:
 - developers, land-owners, airport, university etc.
- Travel stipend, exhibition, website, book with ISBN.

Project

1 Urban Plan for Neighbourhood (groups)

Comprehensive description of the following:

- Organisation of the neighbourhood within the existing urban context
- Urban spaces and infrastructure
- Programmatic mix and housing typologies

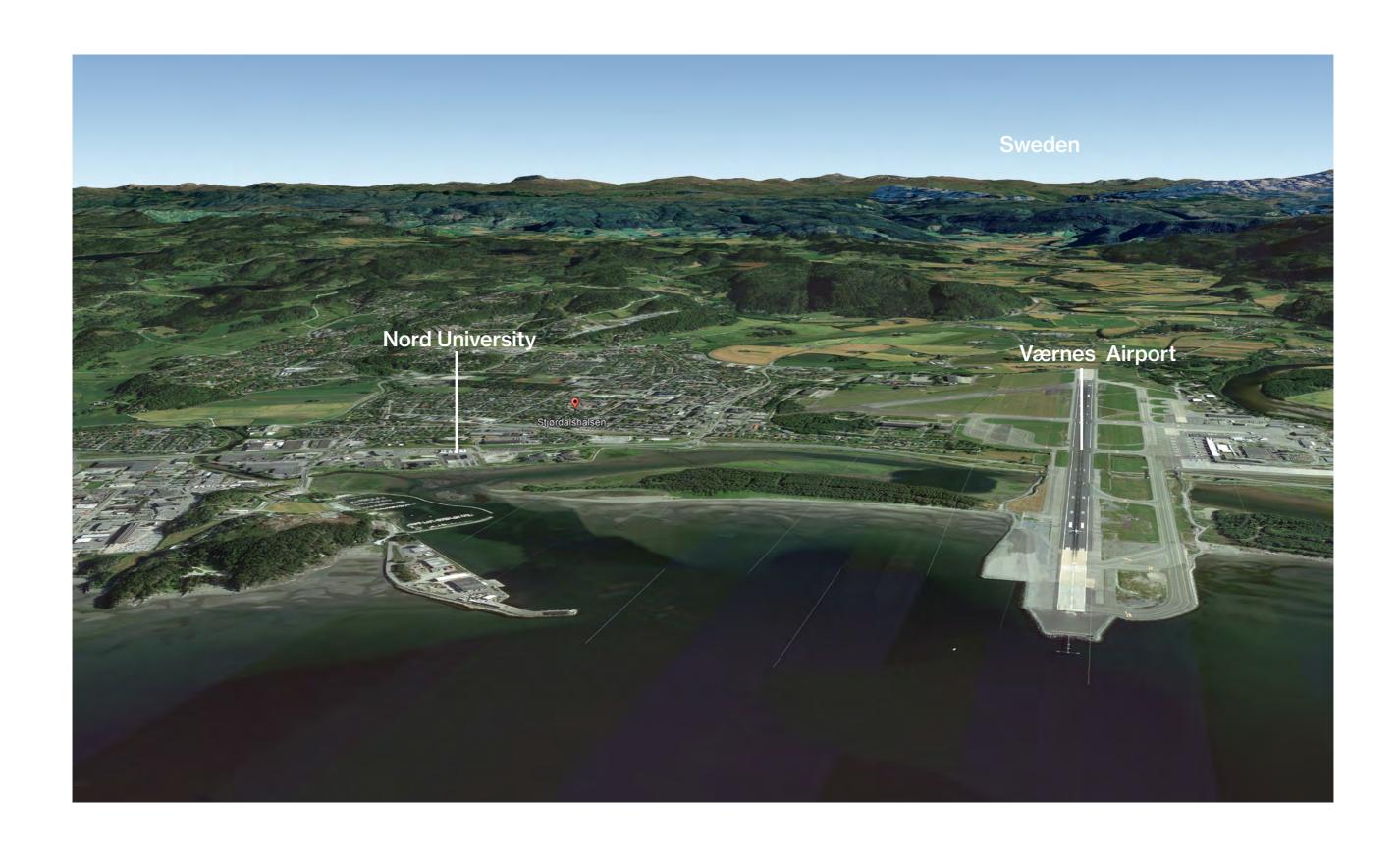
2 Proposal for a Urban Housing Block within the Urban Plan (groups or individuals)

Comprehensive description of the following:

- Organisation of the urban block and dwellings
- Street facade
- Interior facade of the urban block
- Communal and circulation spaces
- External spaces
- Typical dwelling interiors







Brief

The Architecture of the Neighbourhood Spring 2024 explores an alternative development strategy for Stjørdal.

The topic has several aspects: We integrate a strategic perspective on area development with project examples that help to trig-ger a desired development for the municipality. The assignment involves developing a framework for co-operation between the key players in urban development in Stjørdal. The potential for local collaboration must be visualised and substantiated through specific examples.

For example, through a comprehensive urban floor concept and alternative housing typologies that explore Stjørdal's potential (as a hub) for a more diversified housing mix. We explore temporary, rental, lifecycle and community solutions. The project examples will ultimately be summarised and compiled into a strategic action plan.

This plan describes how Stjørdal can be developed in phases that more clearly reflect the inter-action between infrastructure, nature and the human resources that characterise the place historically, today and into the future.

Timeline:

-January – June 2024

Theme

- -Working title: An alternative urban development strategy for Stjørdal
- -Overall theme: Architecture and city
- -Subject perspectives: Project development, urban design, housing, urban trigger

Relevant topics:

- -local value chains in a national, regional and local logistics hub
- -to integrate/centre the value of Stjørdal as a meeting place
- -a differentiated housing offer (ownership, rental, hotel, student housing, villa etc.)
- -city floor and centre attractiveness
- -railway, university and cultural centre
- -hubs between rail, road, sea and air transport
- -coordination of actors in a city strategy
- -ownership models for project development

Activities

- -Start-up meeting in Stjørdal: Key actors present their activities/visions/projects to the students
- -Seminar on urban development in Stjørdal?
- -Fieldwork in Stjørdal: Data collection, interviews, guided tours etc.
- -Midterm presentations at Stjørdal
- -Grading (at NTNU)
- -Final conference: Students present their work + launch of website / printed matter

Final product

- -The students' digital presentations
- -Exhibition in Kimen cultural centre) open to the public
- -Website digital exhibition open to the public
- -Printed report/book with ISBN

Costs/funding:

- -Travels
- -Accomodation
- -Printing of Books
- -Production of Website
- -Extra capacity for tutors
- -Material costs for modelmaking etc.













Examples of student work

Architecture of the Neighbourhood – Spring 2023

- Students worked with existing neighbourhoods across Oslo.
- Created urban plans and housing projects that:
- improved connections to Oslos blue-green spaces
- provided much needed city centre housing.
- make compact, live-able city neighbourhoods.

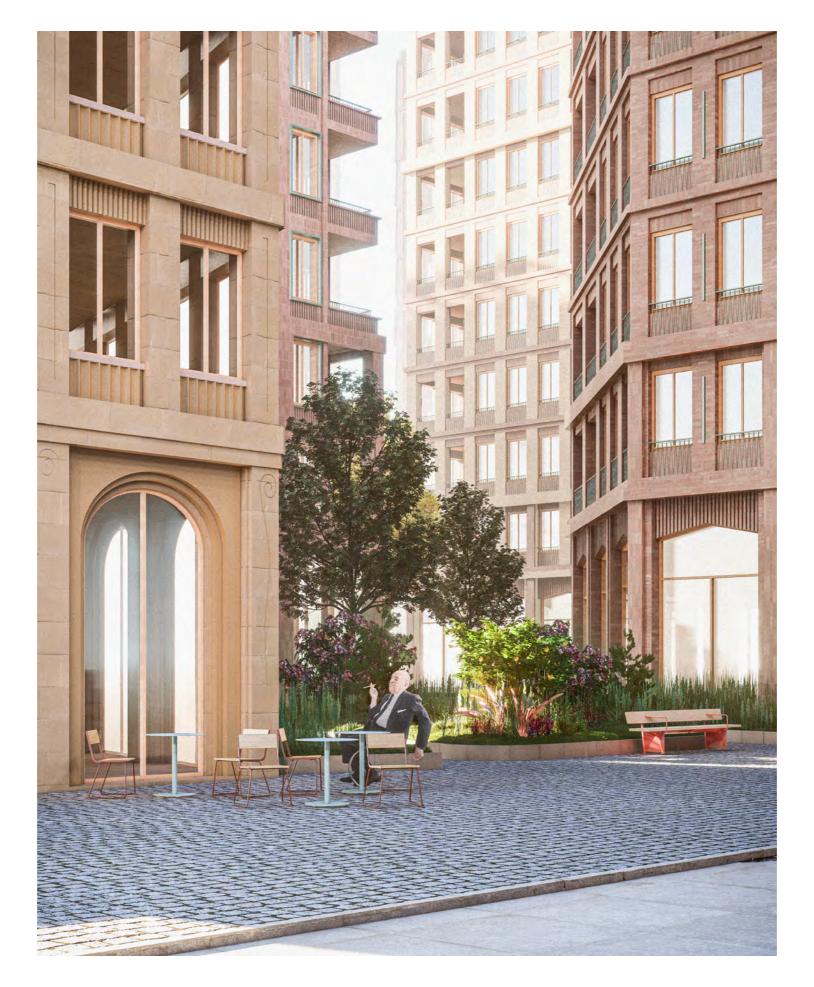




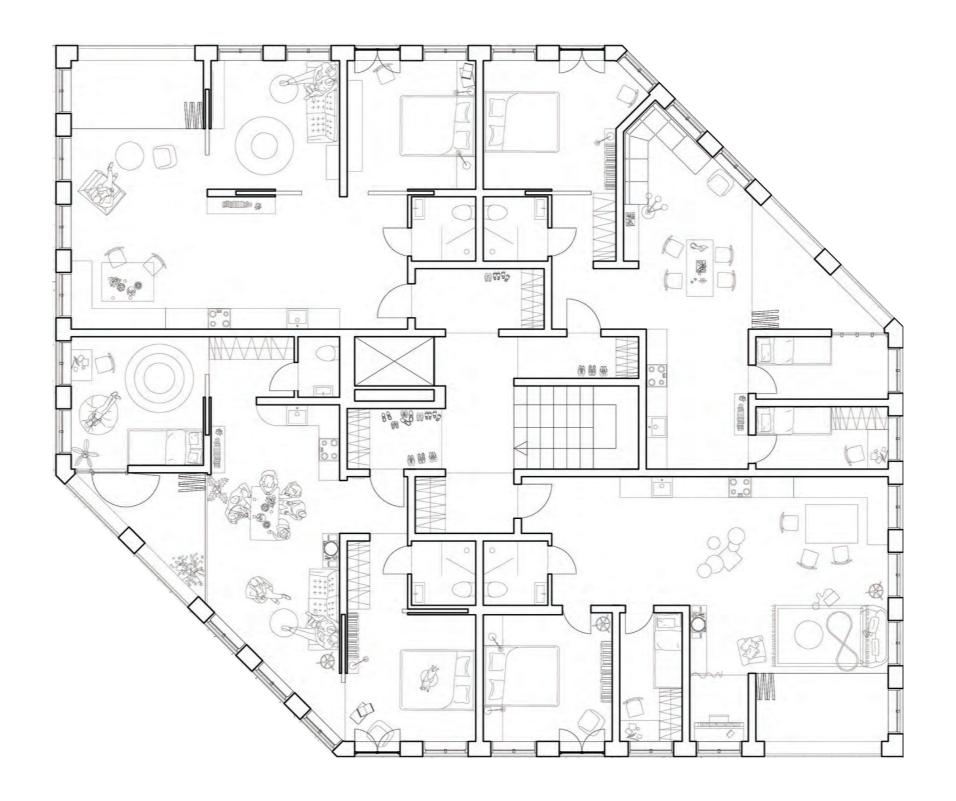
Blue-Green Strategy

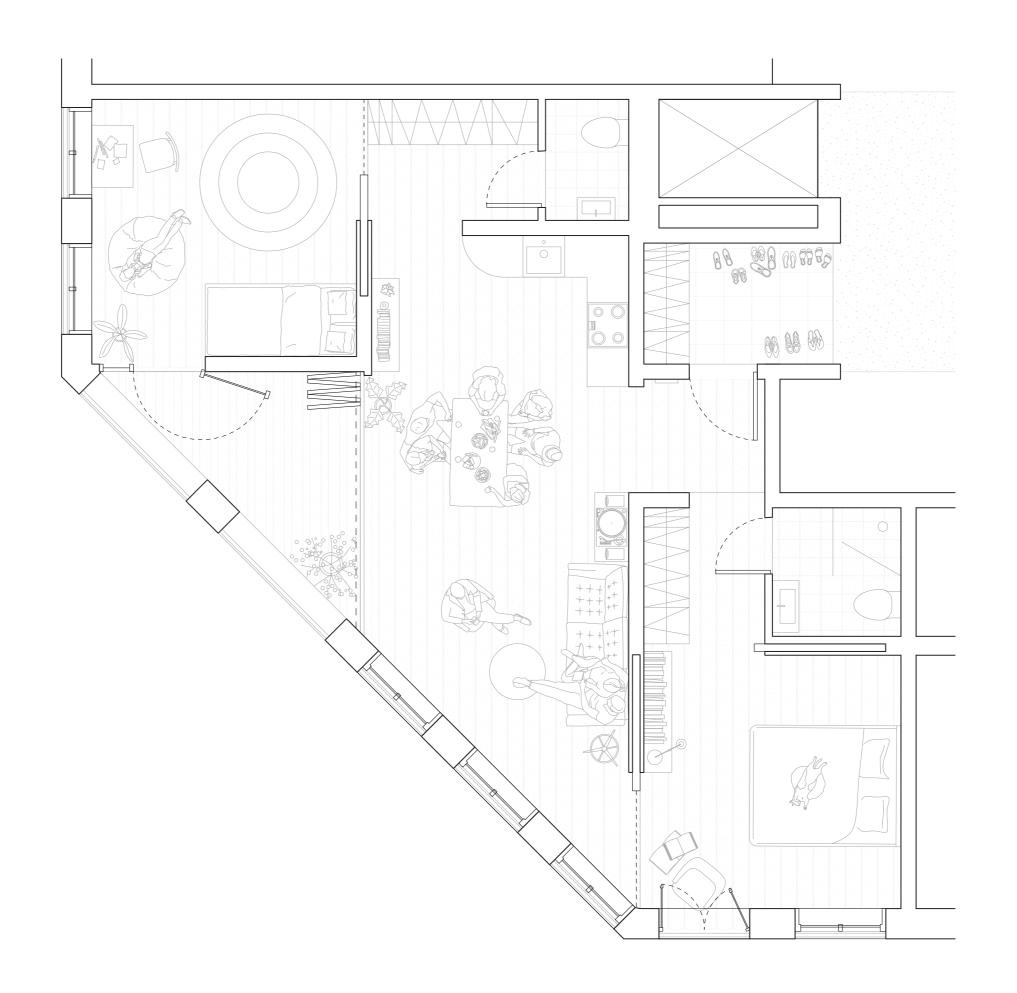






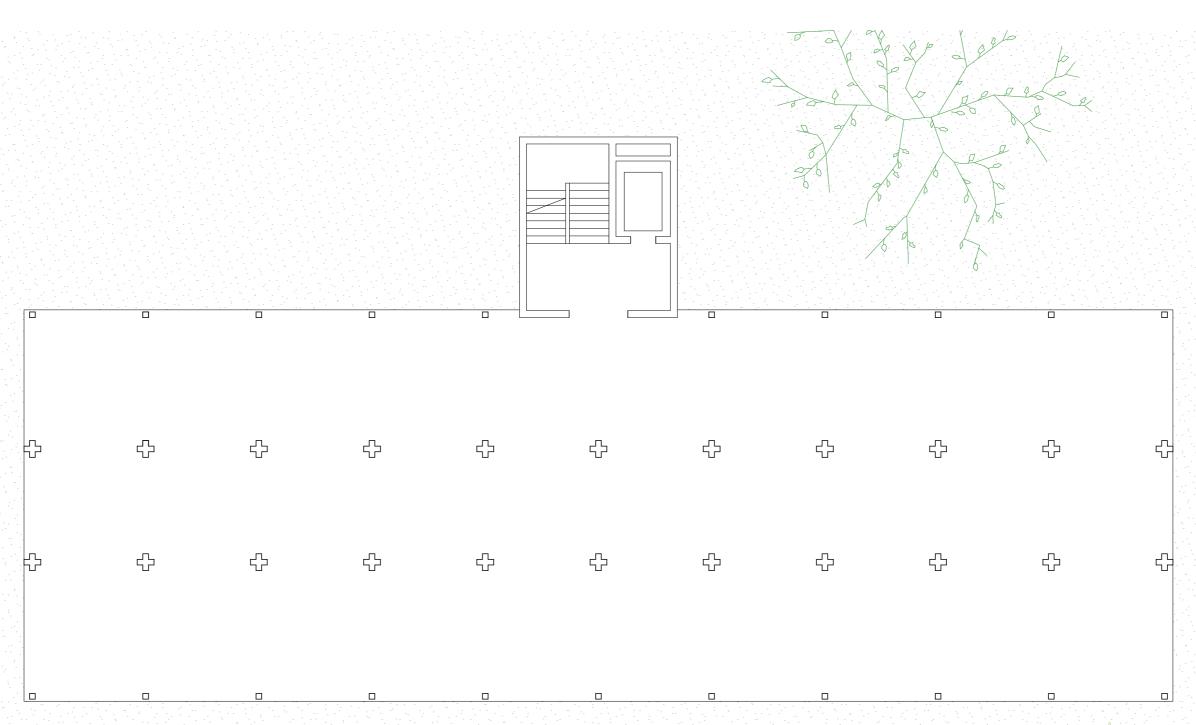
View of A Courtyard



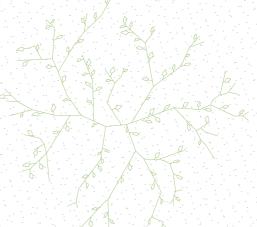


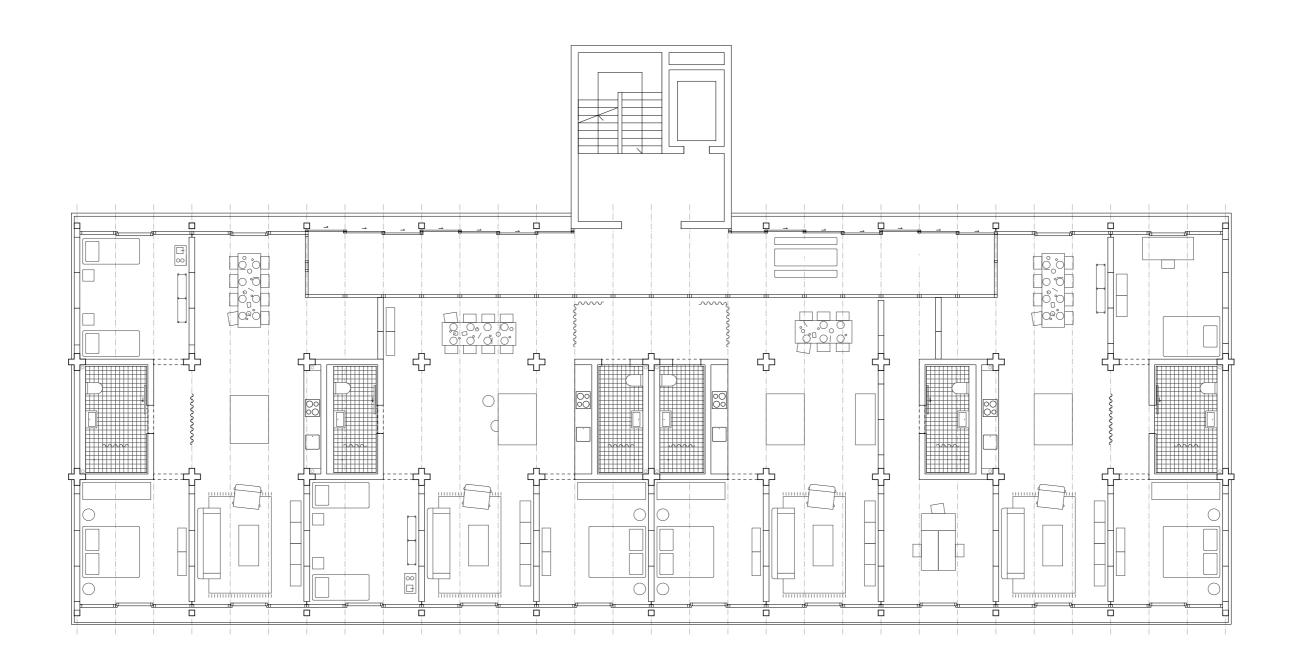


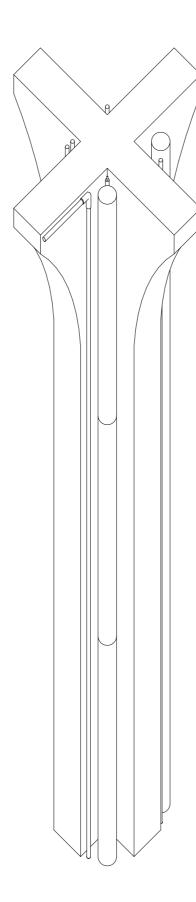










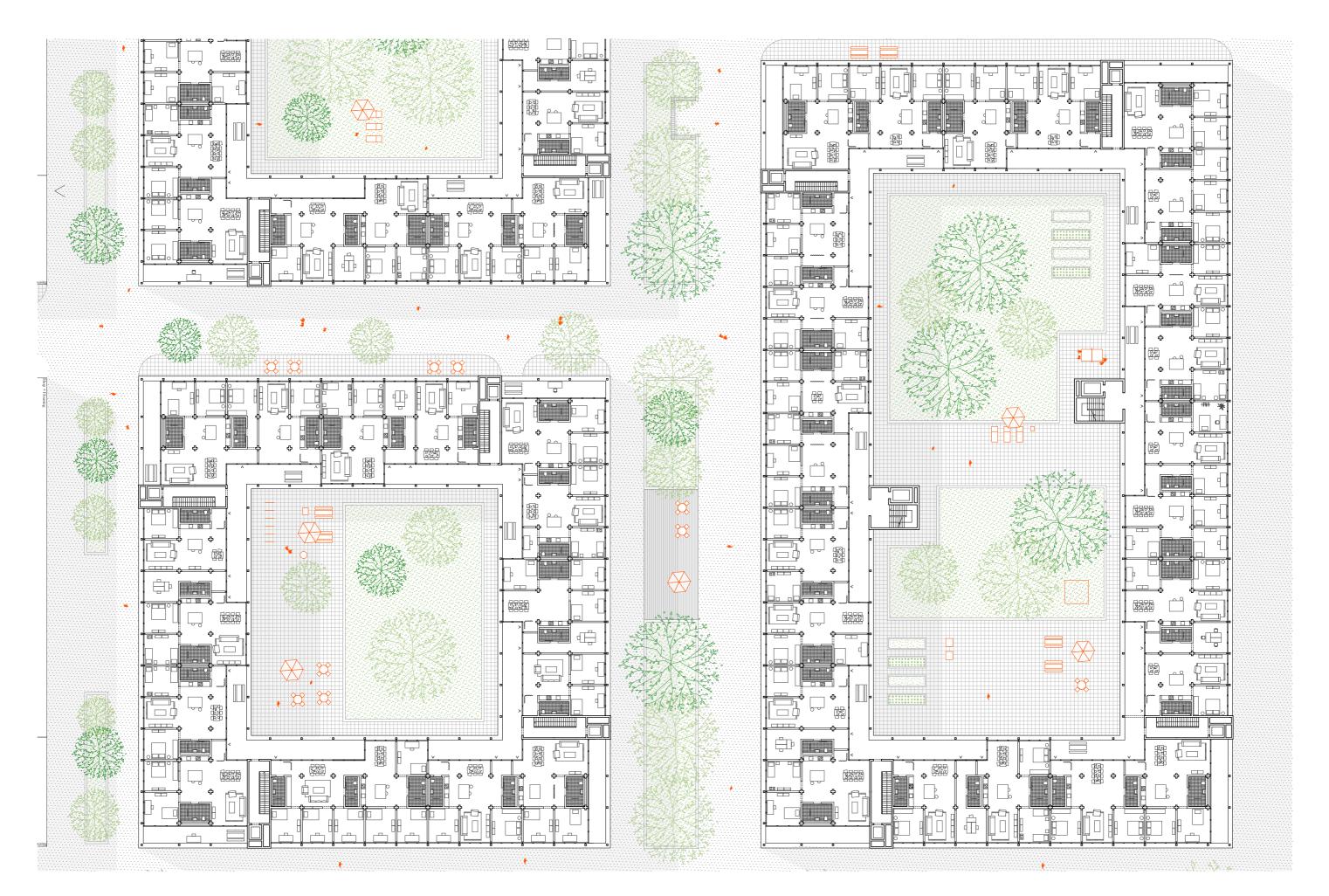




Functional Column



Urban Figure in Neighbourhood Plan



Typology



Facade Section

Roof structure

terrace structure 250 mm insulation 300 mm concrete slab

Floor structure

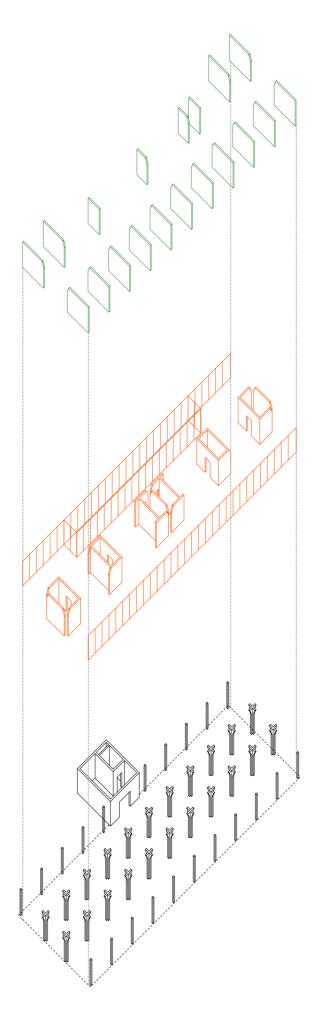
finishing concrete 80 mm screed layer 100 mm insulation 200 mm concrete slab

Floor structure

finishing concrete 100 mm screed layer 100 mm insulation 300 mm concrete slab 300 mm insulation foundation













Housing Deviation Wood/ Fabric/ Self Choosen



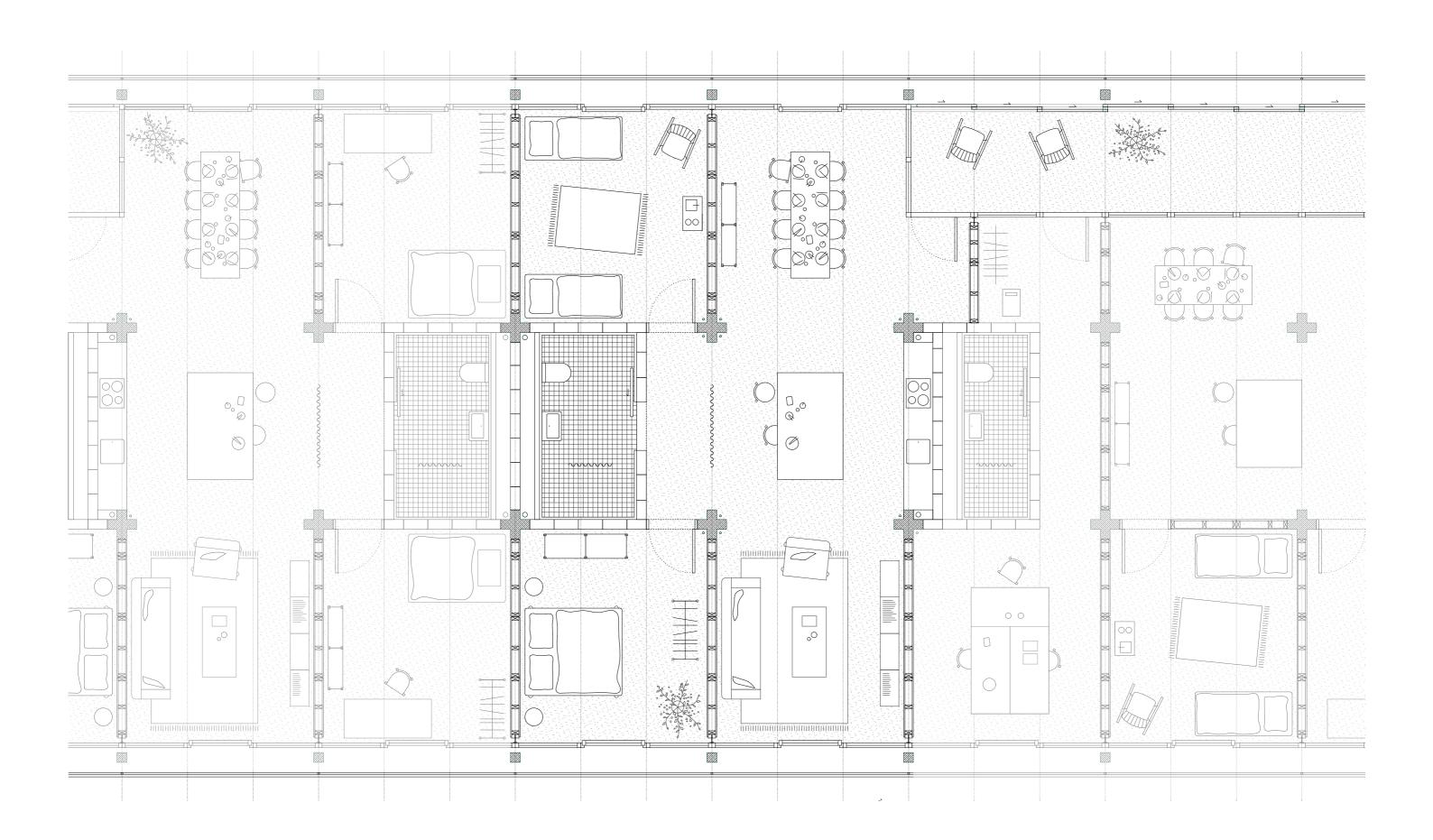


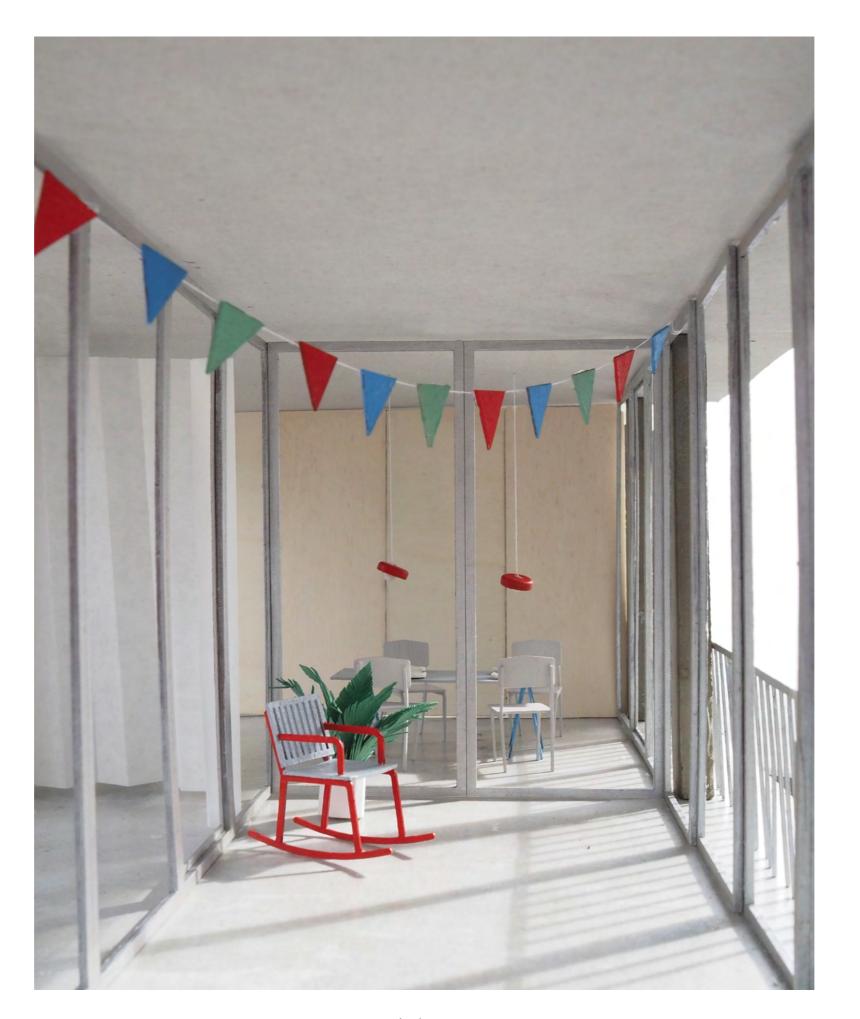
Housing Core/ Facade Profiled Brick/ Steel/ Glass



Forever Concrete

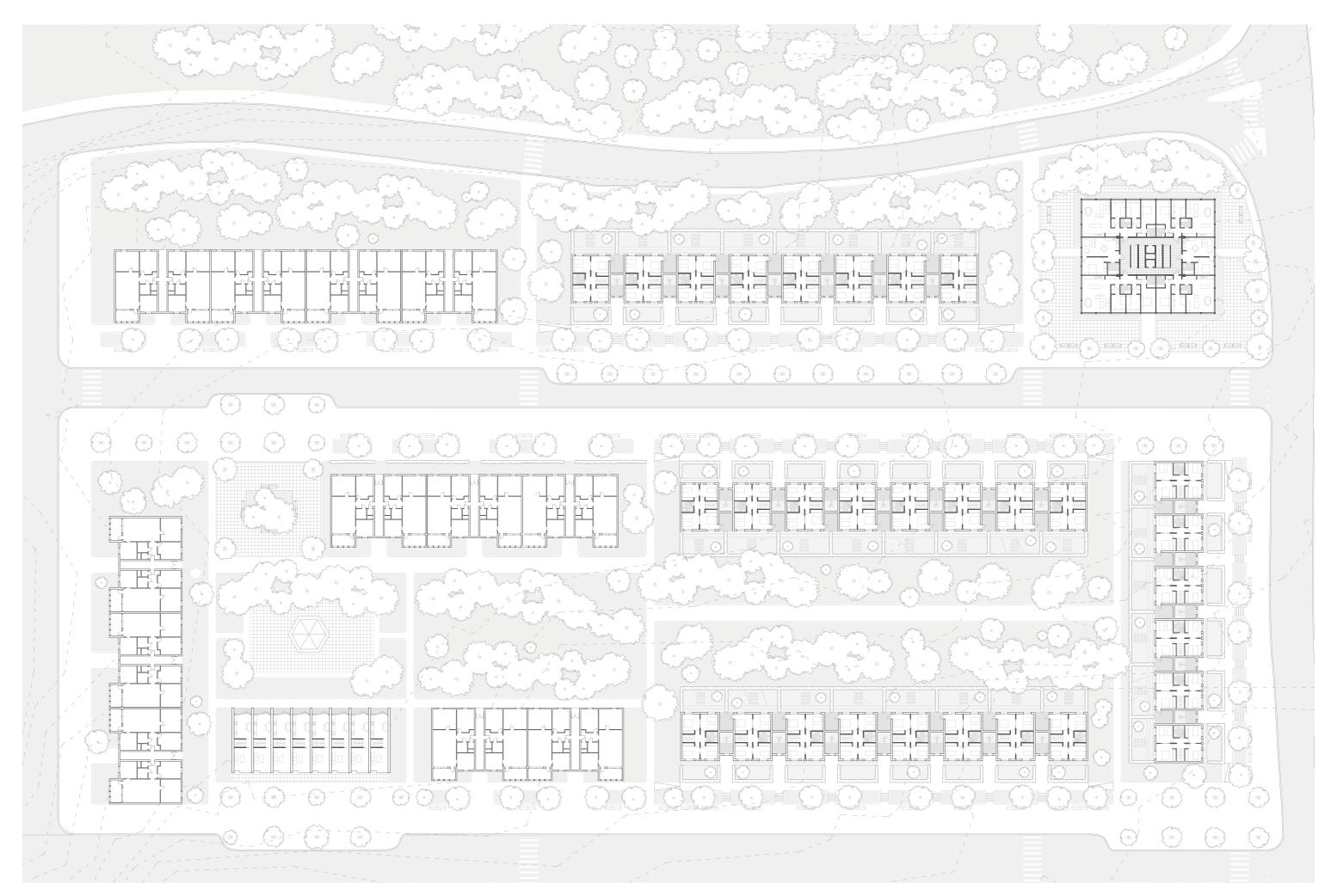
Dwelling kitchen material

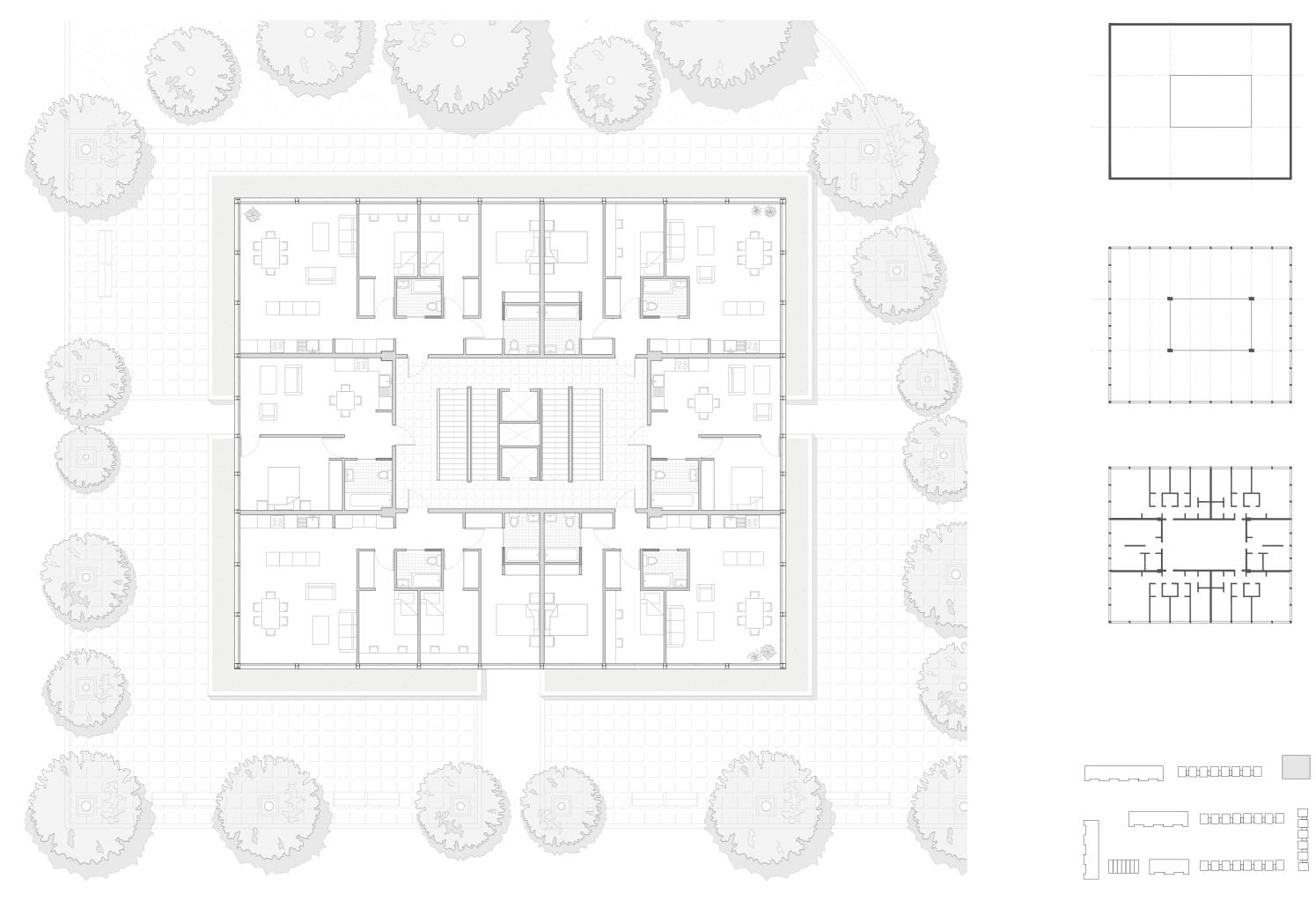




Inclusiv space







<u>○</u> <u>1.150</u> Tower

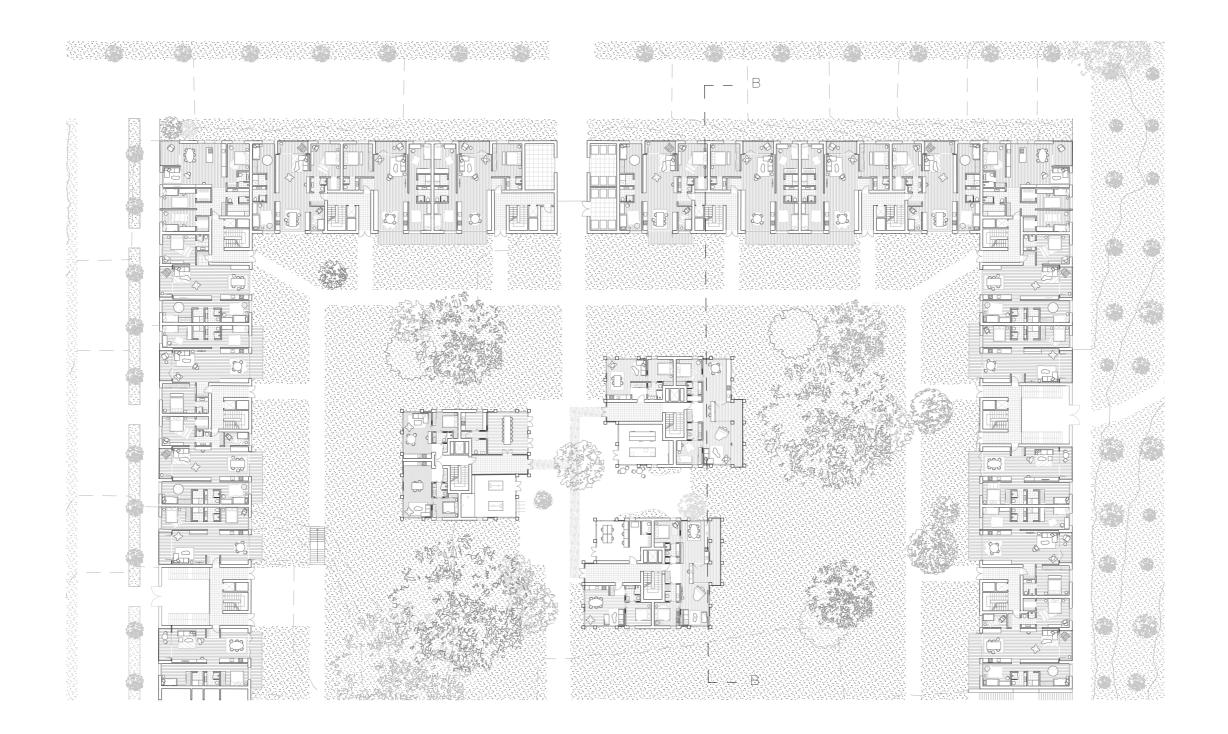




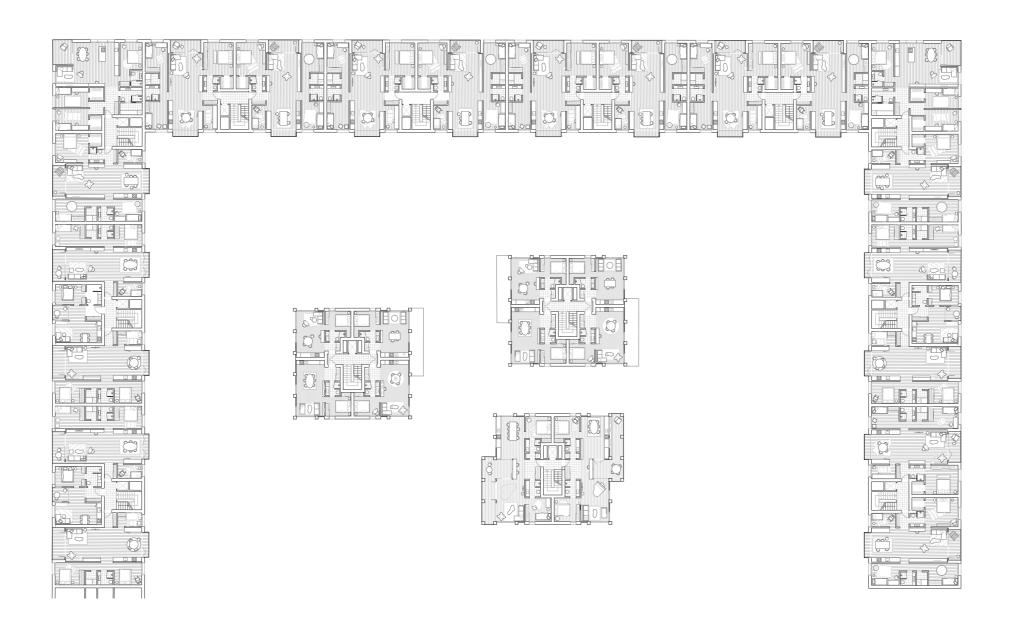
City Plan | 1:10 000



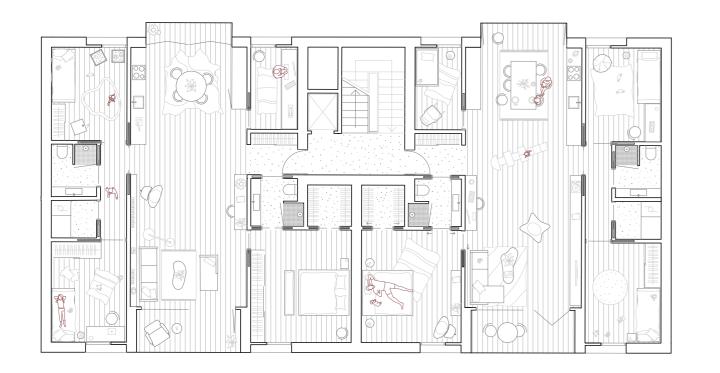
Site Plan | 1:1 500



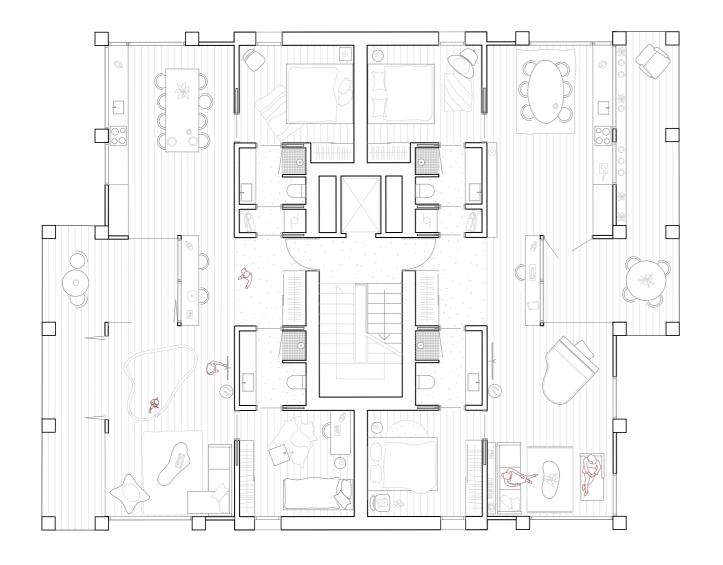


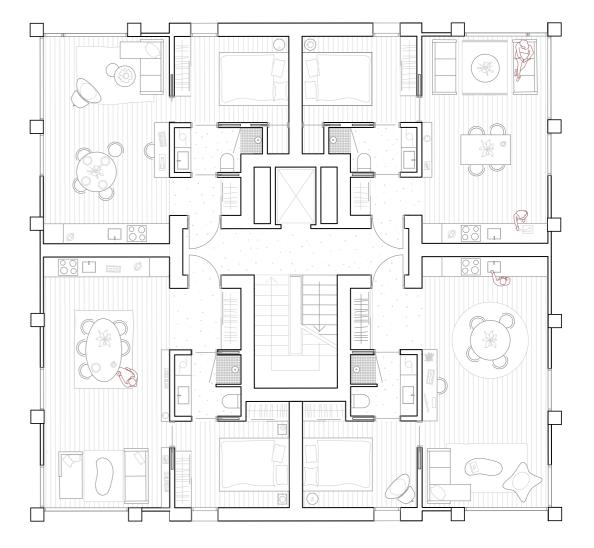




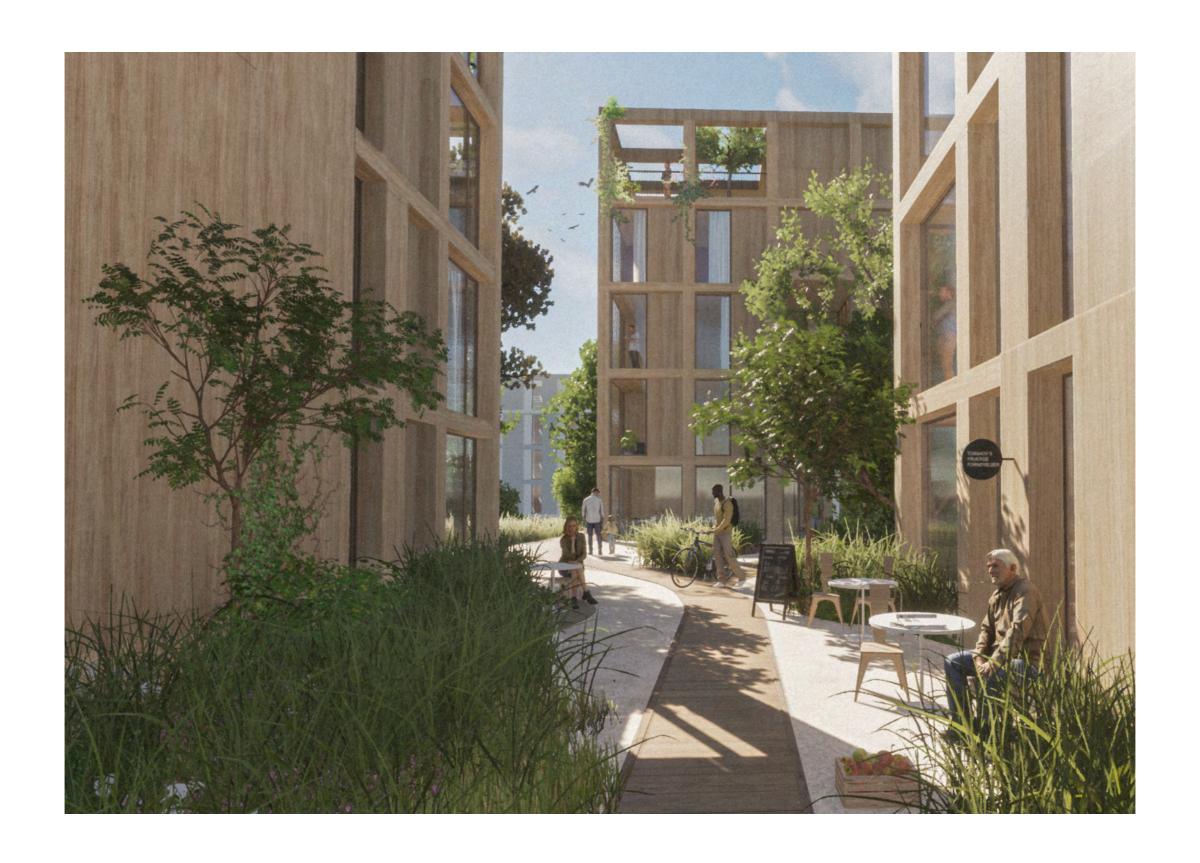




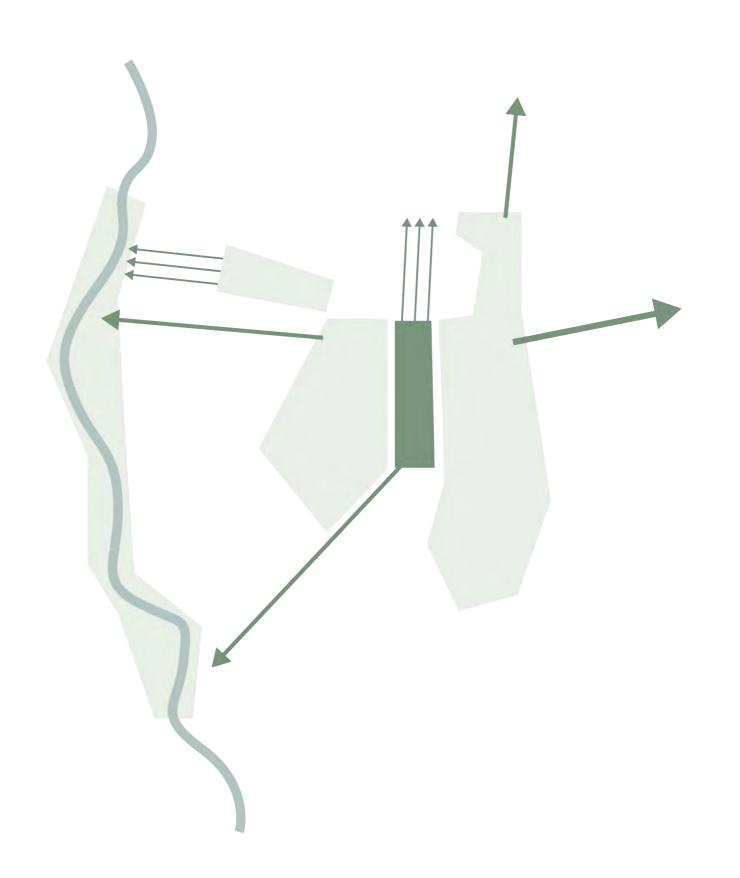


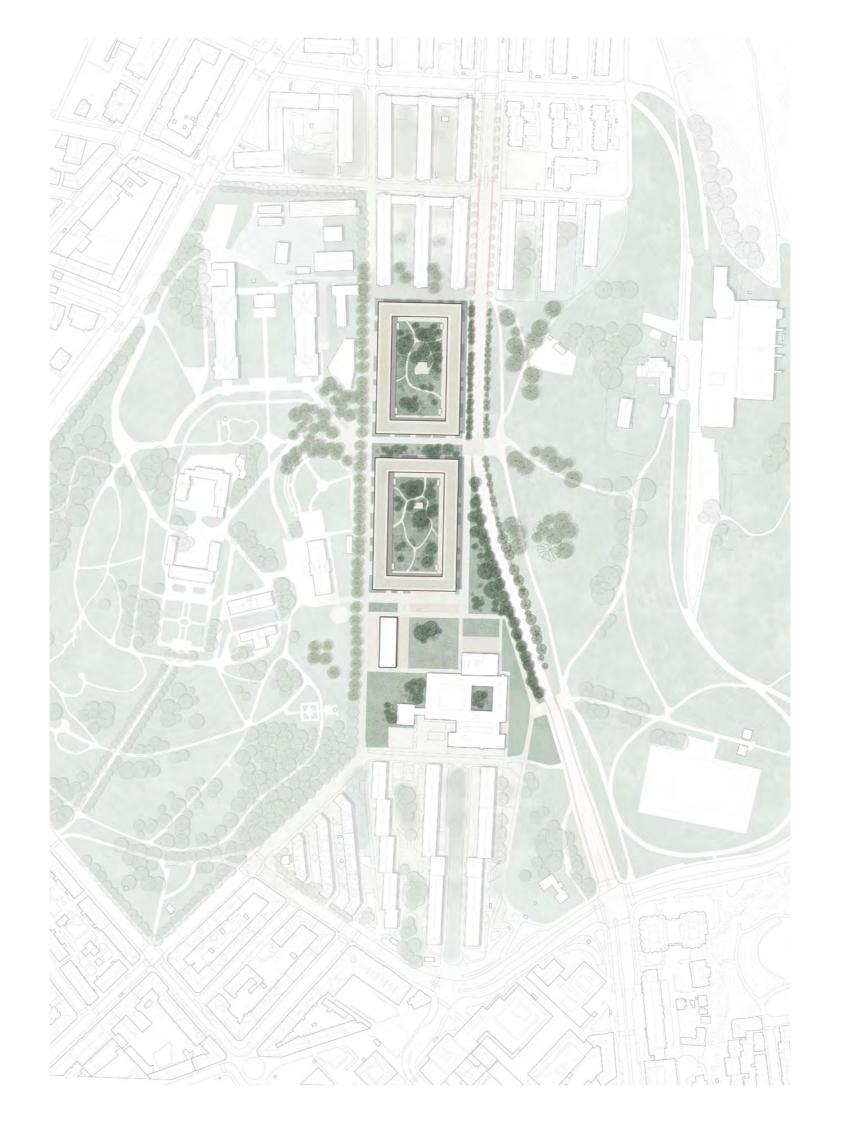






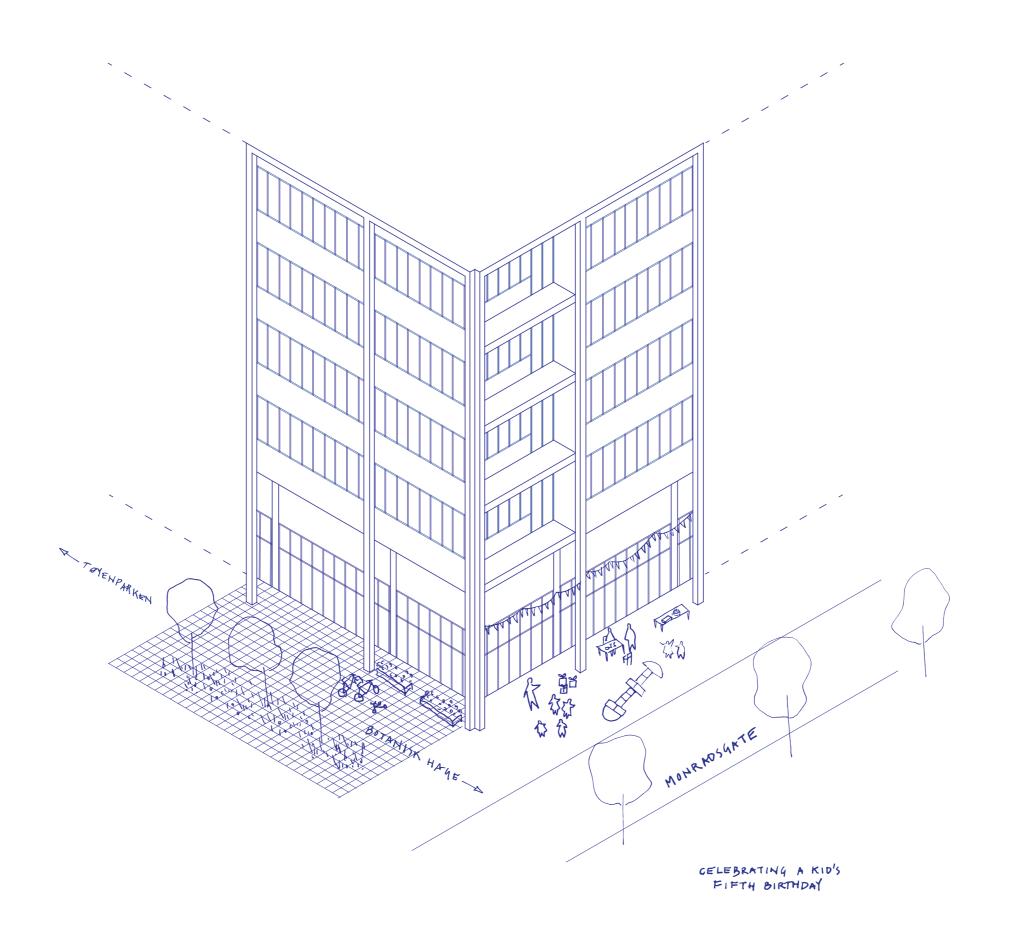


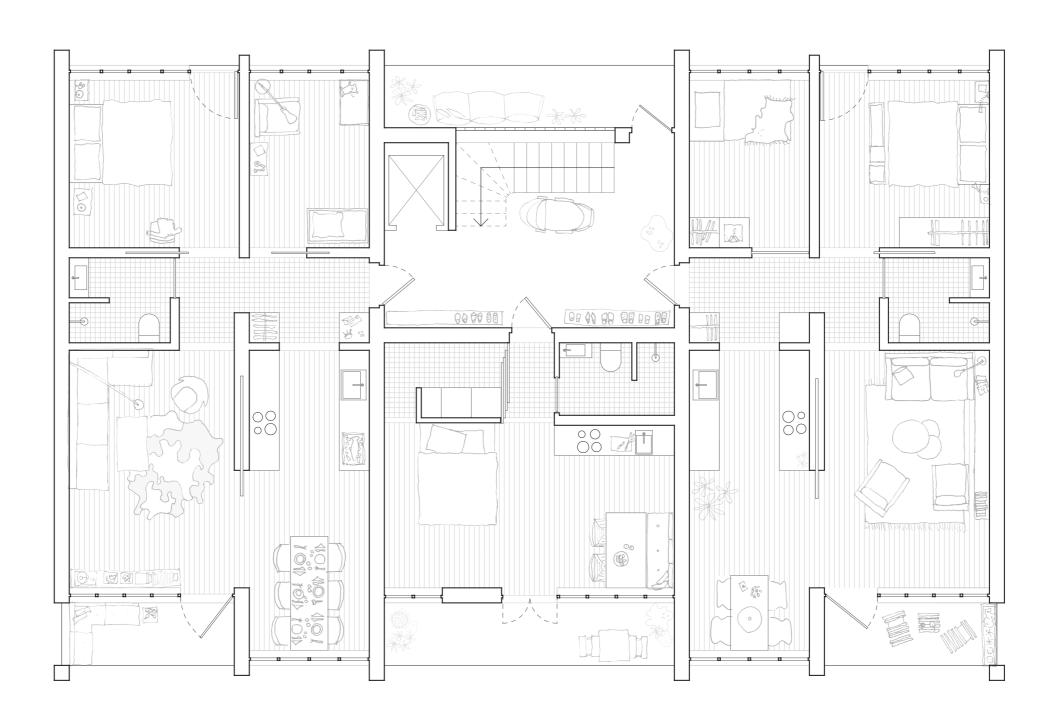


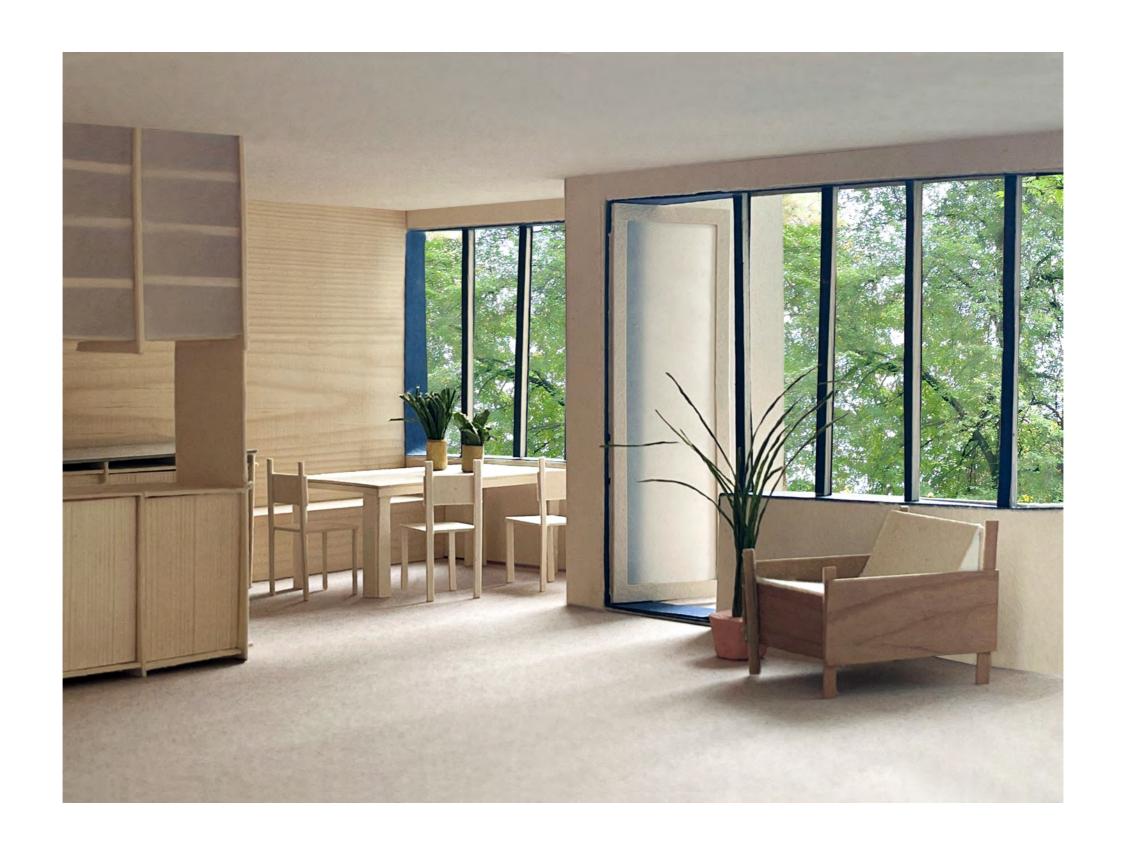


NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN







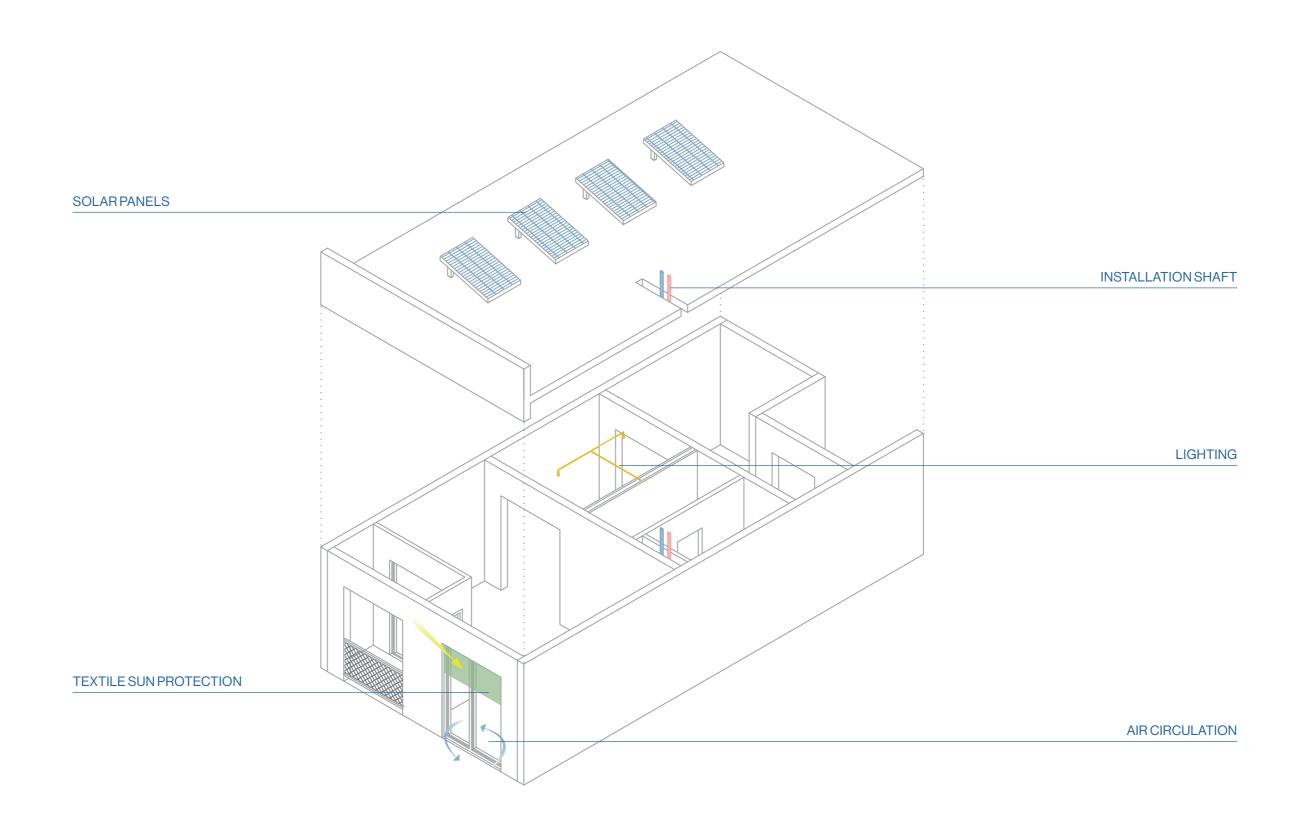






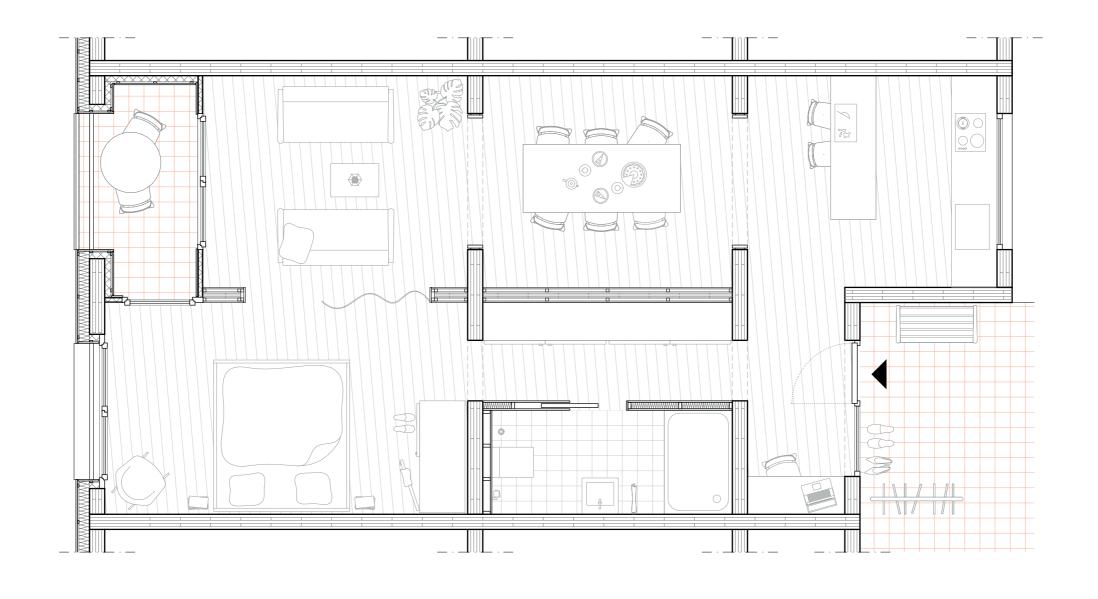






TYPOLOGY ENERGY CONCEPT 1:100





DWELLING FLOORPLAN 1:50



1 green roof, waterproofing, isolation, board plywood ceiling

2 solar Panels

3 wood paneling, air layer, isolation, board plywood wall

4 railing

5 wood, gradient insulation, underconstruction, waterproof layer

6 rammed earth, floorheating, board plywood ceiling

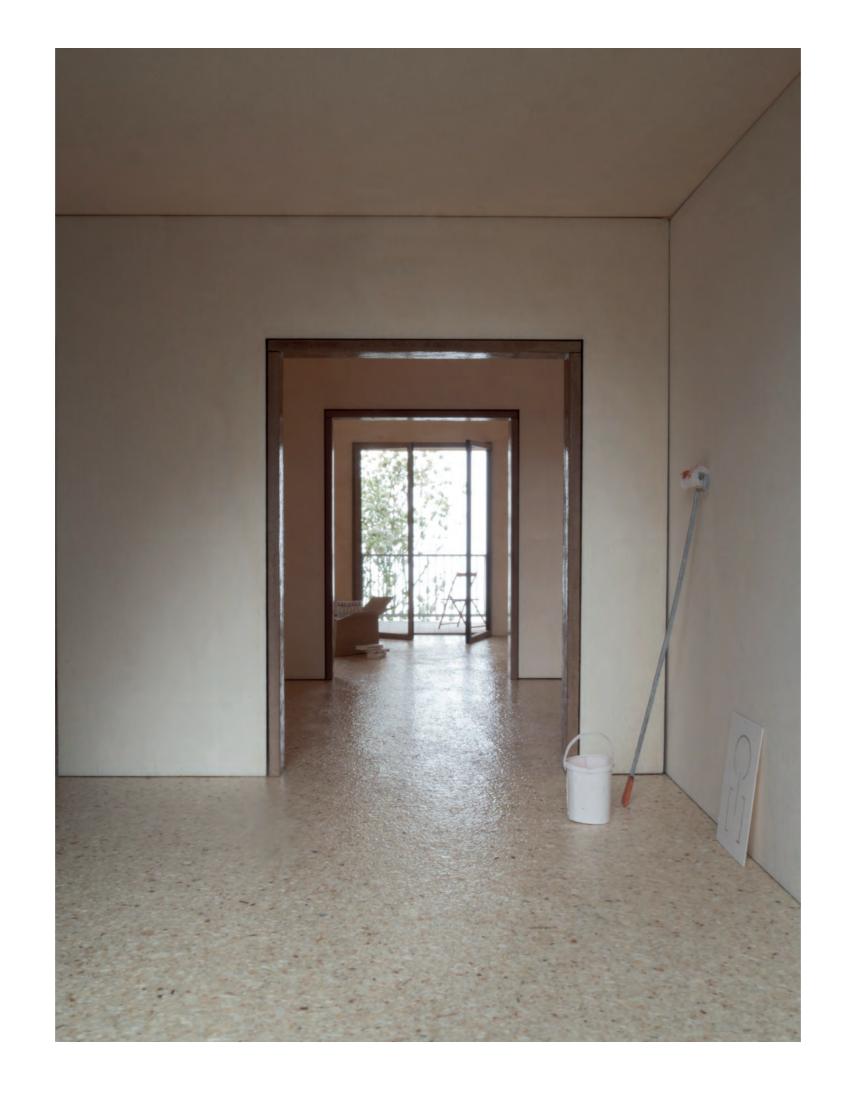
7 enfiladen frame

8 board plywood wall

9 textile sun protection

10 visible screed, concrete

DWELLING SECTION, FASSADE 1:50







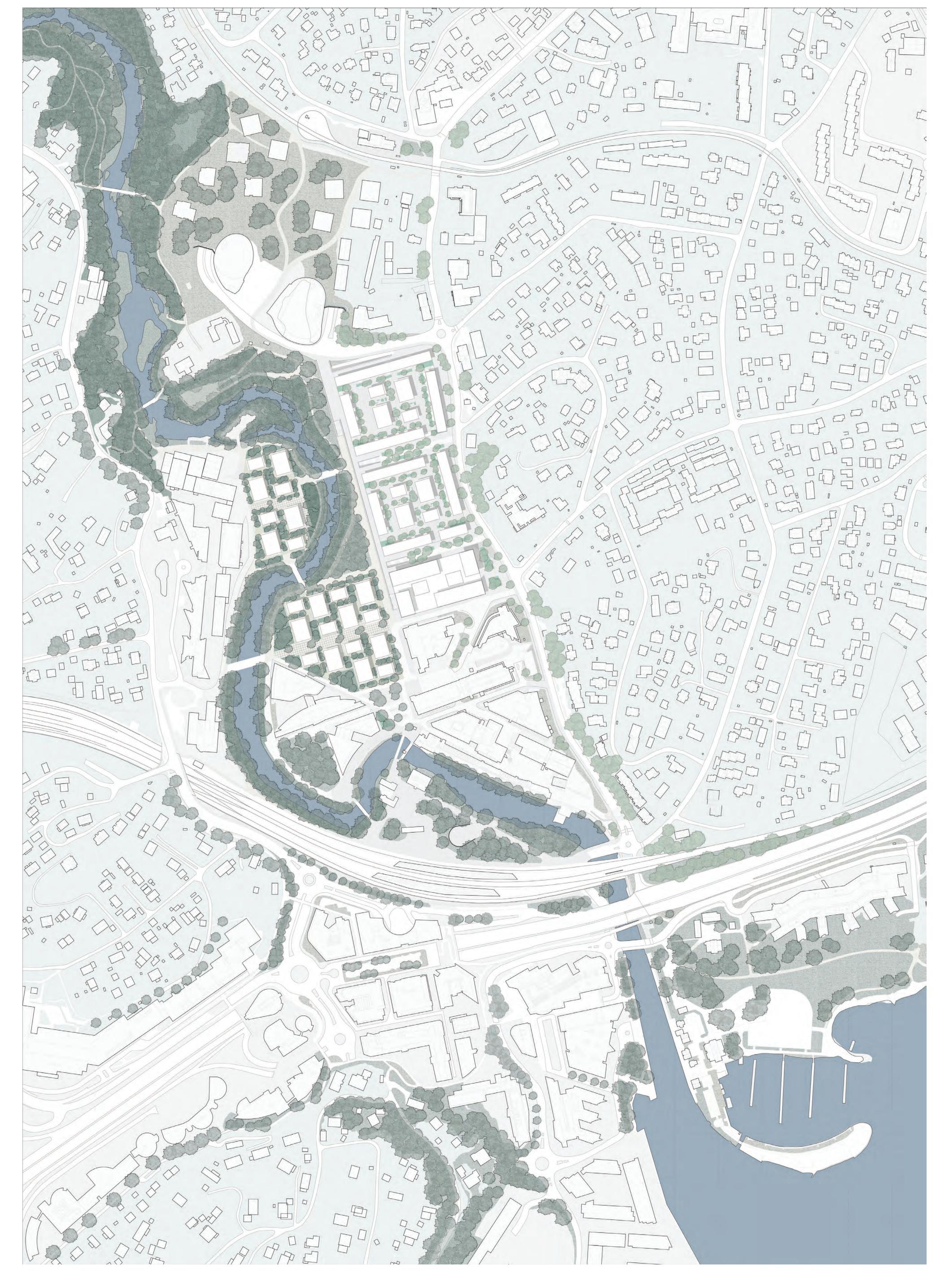




Large footprints along the river

Axis and barriers

Fixing the gap and connecting the station



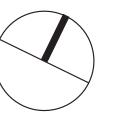
Masterplan 1:1250

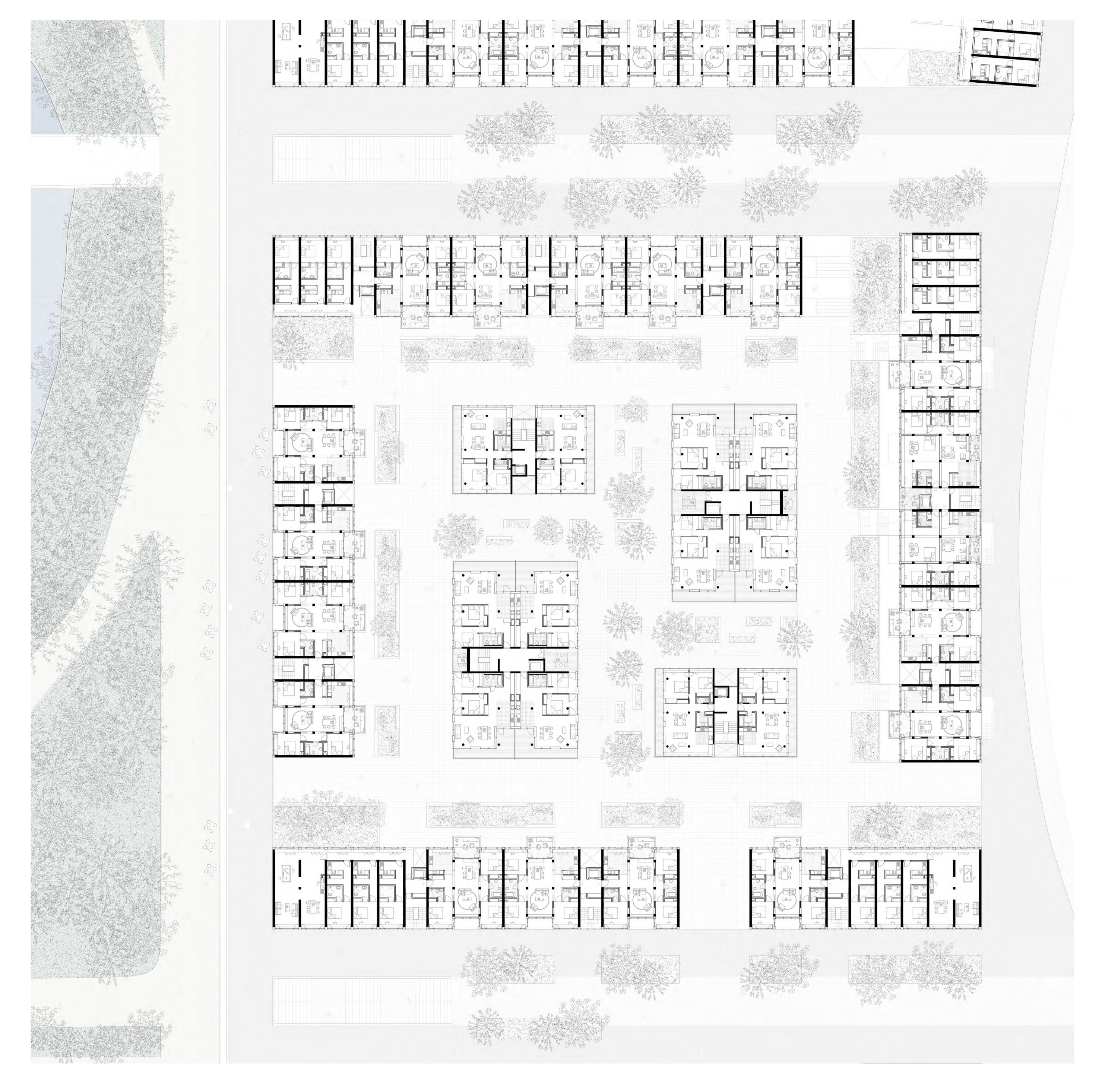


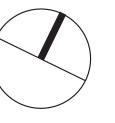


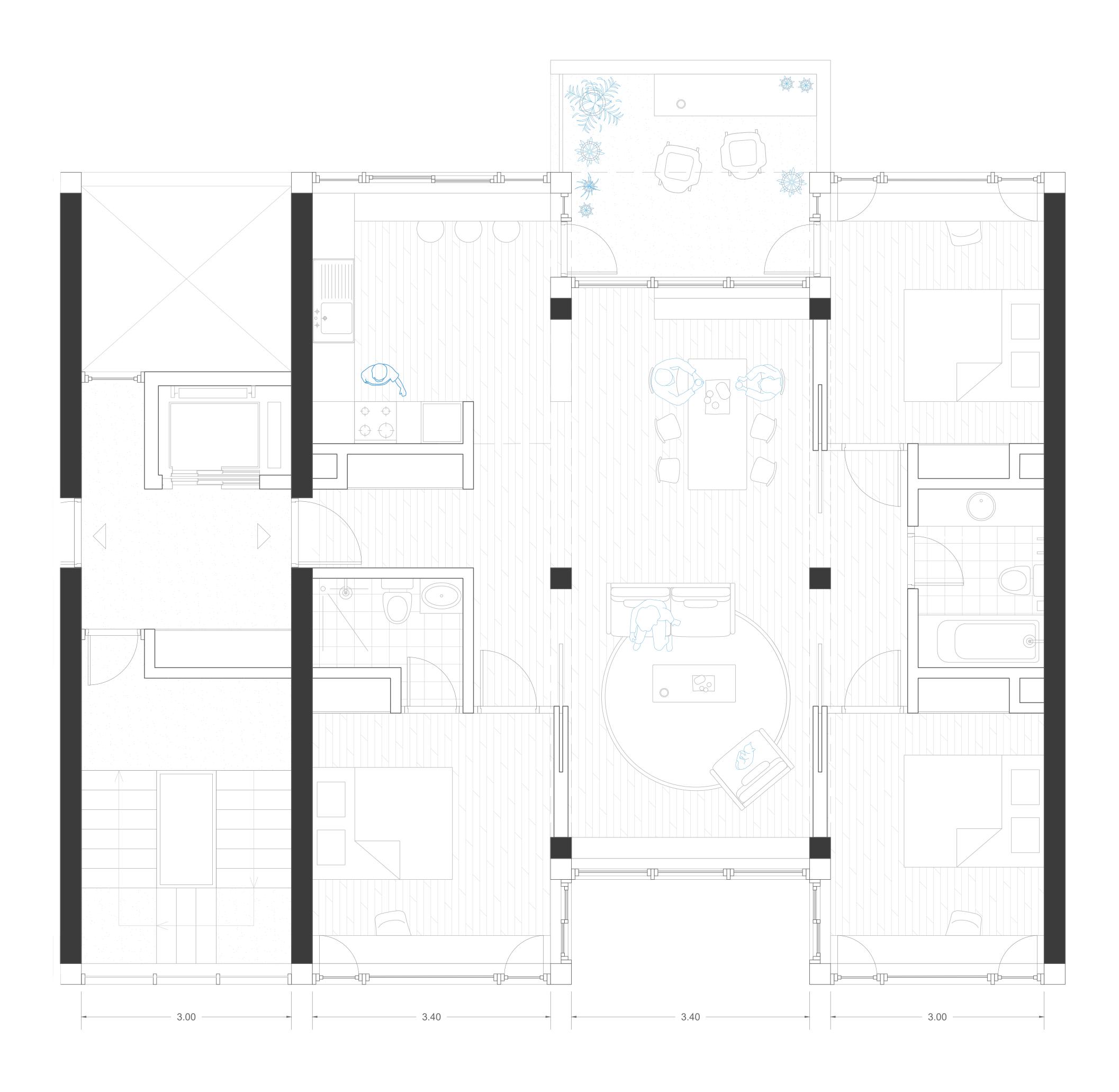
Model 1:500

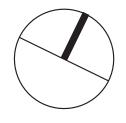












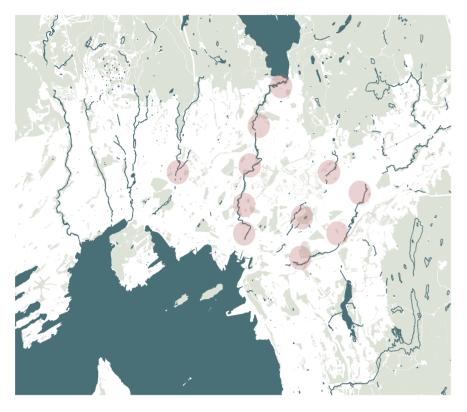




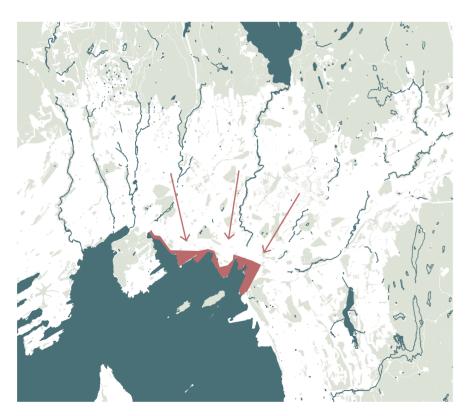


TRANSFORMATION FROM OFFICE BLOCK TO HYBRID BUILDING

HISTORIC DEVELOPMENT

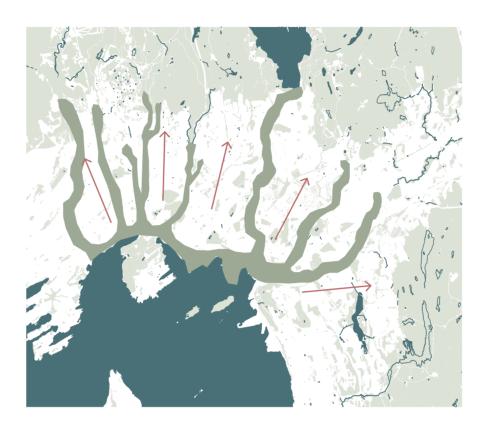


During the Industrial Revolution, industries were strategically located along the rivers to harness their power supply. This led to the formation of vibrant neighborhoods and urban centers, where housing and recreational spaces were developed to create lively communities for the workers.

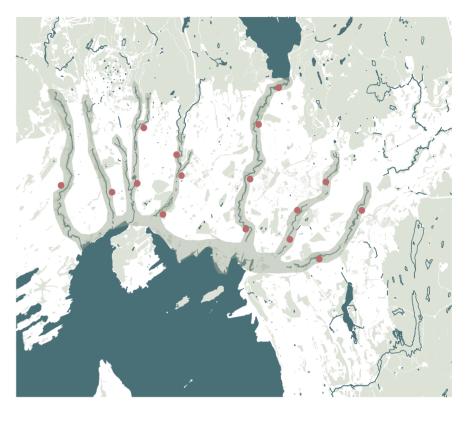


Since year 2000, Oslo has planned for "Fjordbyen". This vision focuses on the development of new cultural and recreational centers oriented towards the fjord. Consequently, the industrial areas that were once dominant have undergone a transformation, with a significant shift towards accommodating office-based businesses. This has had an unintended consequence of reducing the vibrancy of the areas along the rivers

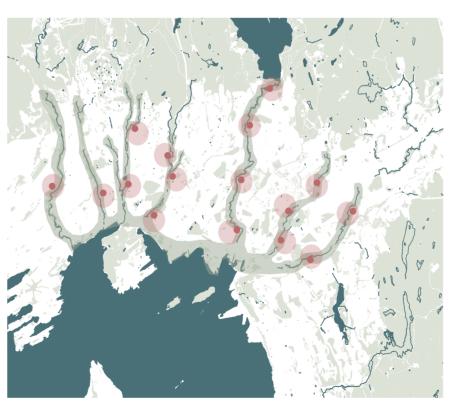
STRATEGIES



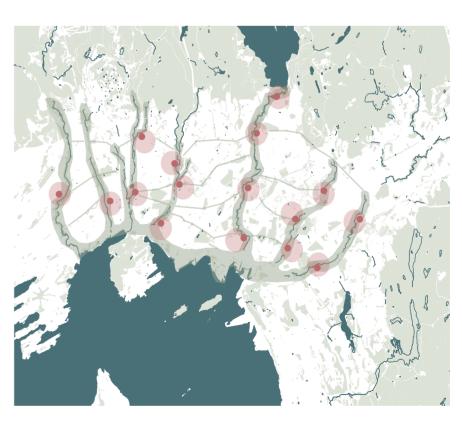
1. Enhancing Green and Blue Spaces along the river valleys: Bringing the blue back up as an integral part of the city. Implement a "fingerplan" approach, strategically integrating parks, waterfront promenades, and recreational areas to create a connection between nature and urban environments.



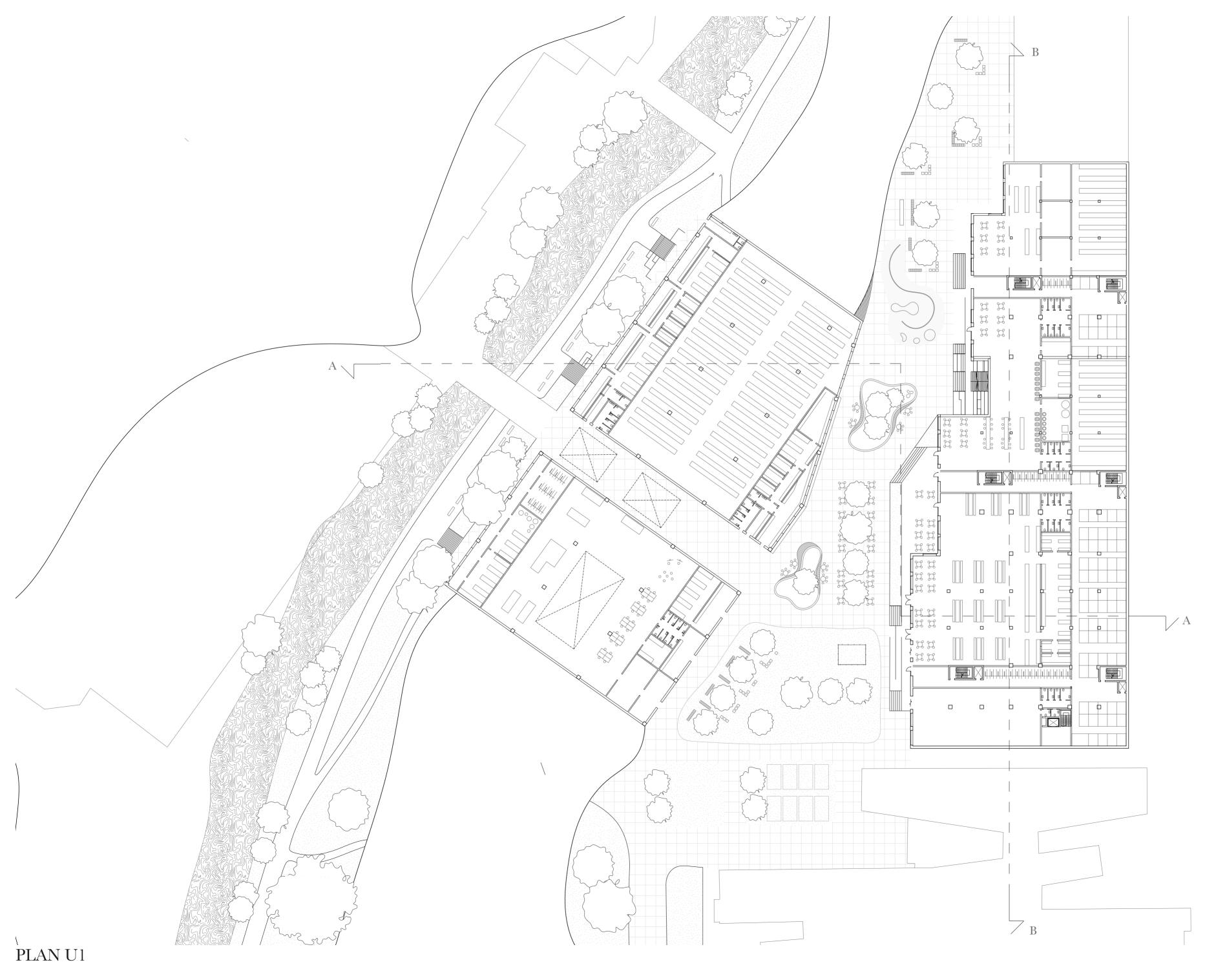
2. Adaptive Reuse of Industrial Warehouses: Utilize large industrial warehouse buildings as a canvas for retrofitting the city with diverse urban programs along the river valleys. These adaptable structures offer the flexibility to accommodate big-scale hybrid programs that can revitalize the areas.

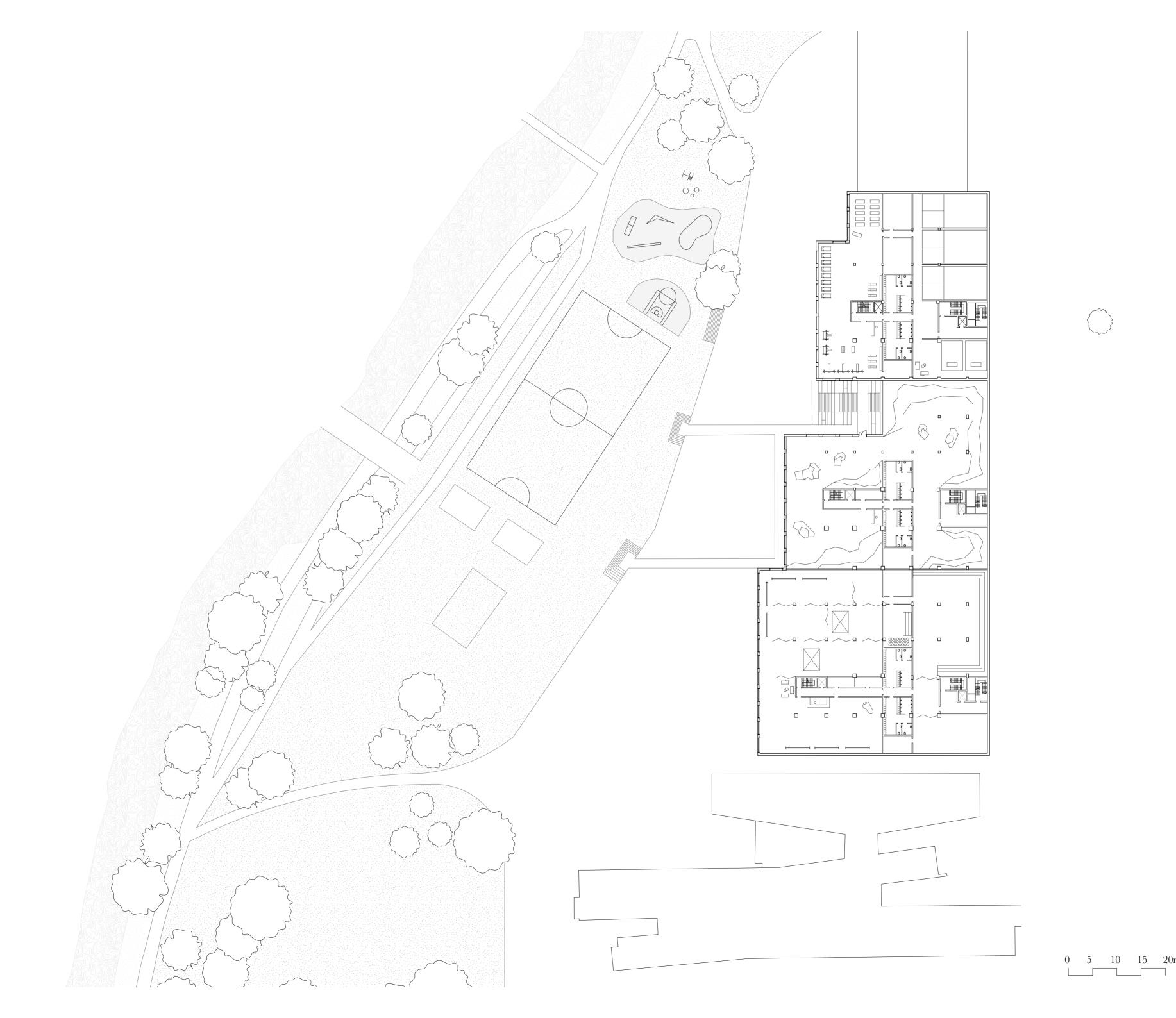


3. From Hybrid Social Programs into Urban Centers: These spaces can become hubs of social activity, hosting a variety of cultural, recreational, and community-oriented programs that attract residents, workers, and visitors.

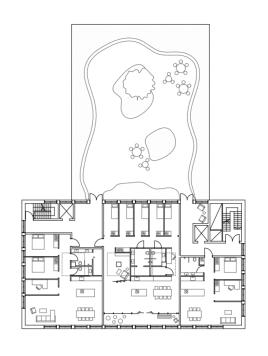


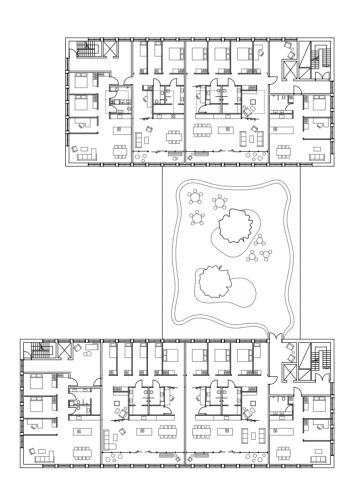
4. Vertical Connectivity of River Valleys: Enhance the pedestrian experience by establishing interconnected pathways, parks, and gardens that allow residents and visitors to move between the rivervalleys and urban centralities.

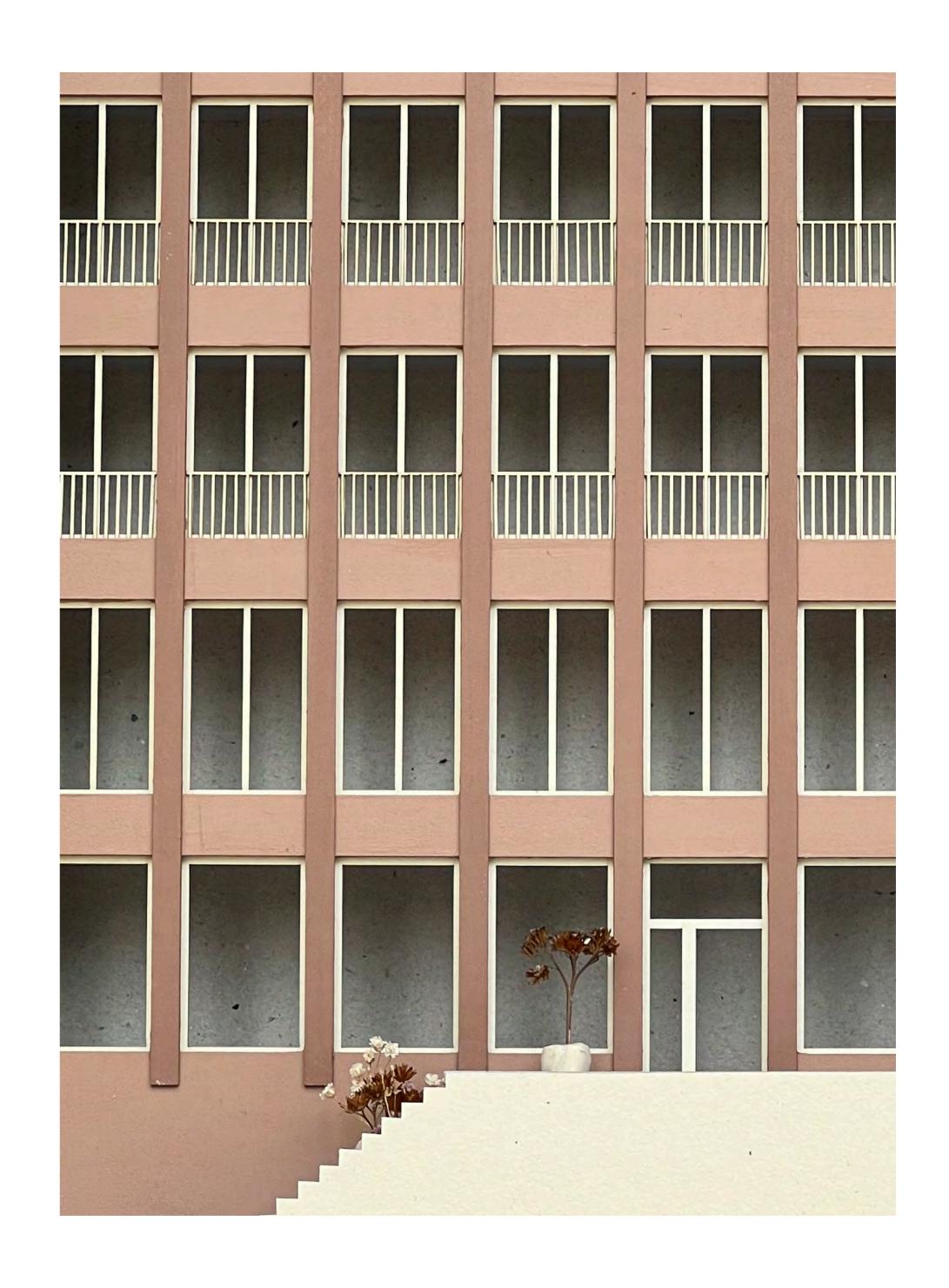








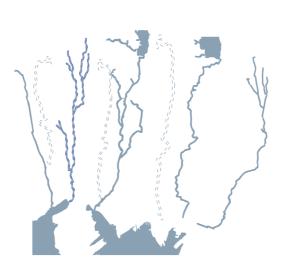


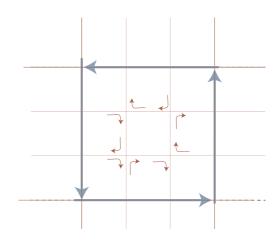












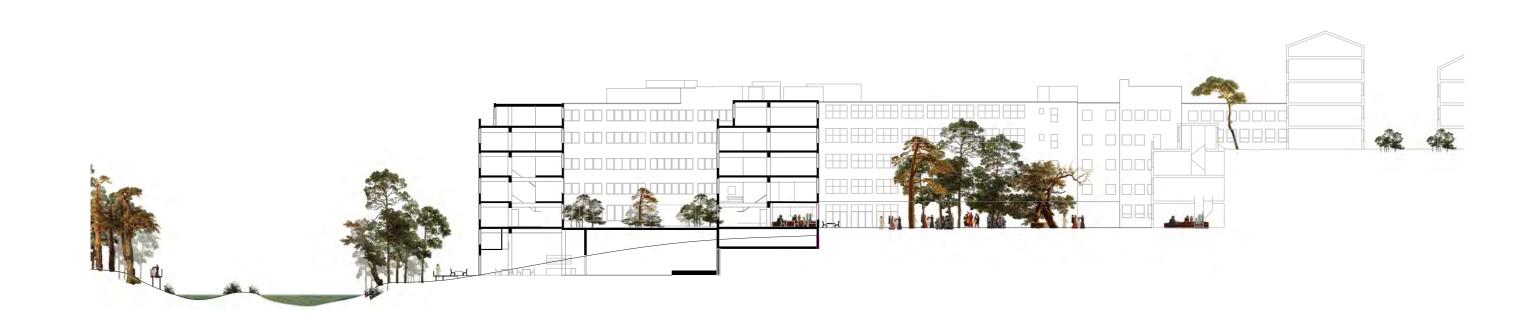


"Utsikt fra Korpehaugen"–Joachim Frich 1841 Overlooking the rivervalley created by Bislttbekken

02 Resurfacing the rivers of Oslo



Bislettbekken Ullevål-Aker Brygge

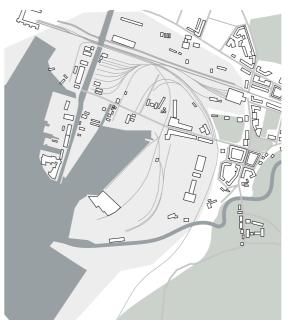




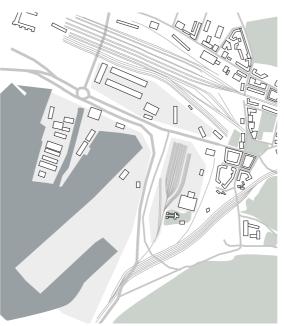


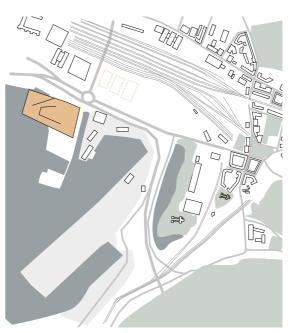














Bispevika, 1200's

Bispevika, 1997

5

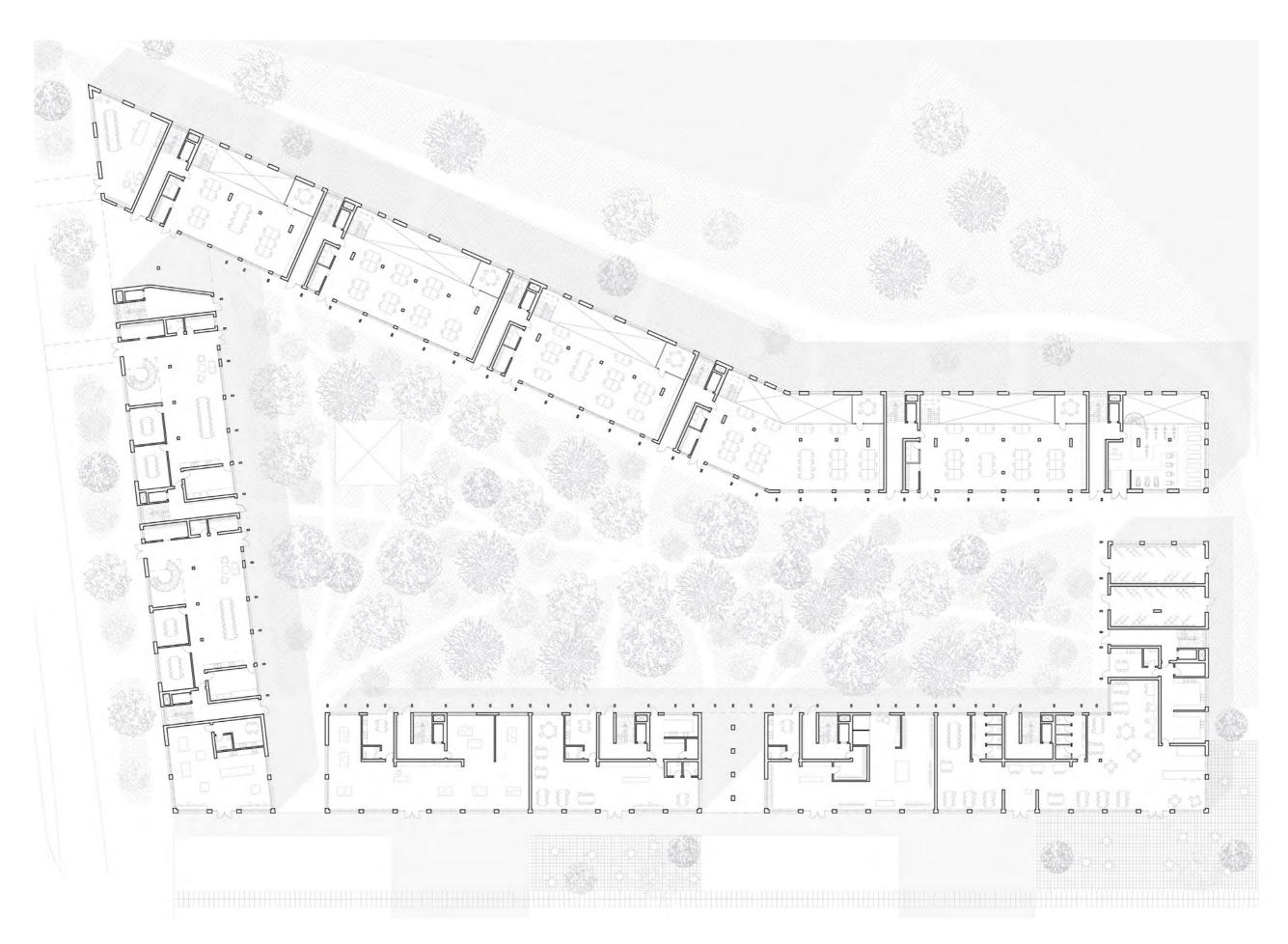
2 Bispevika, 1881

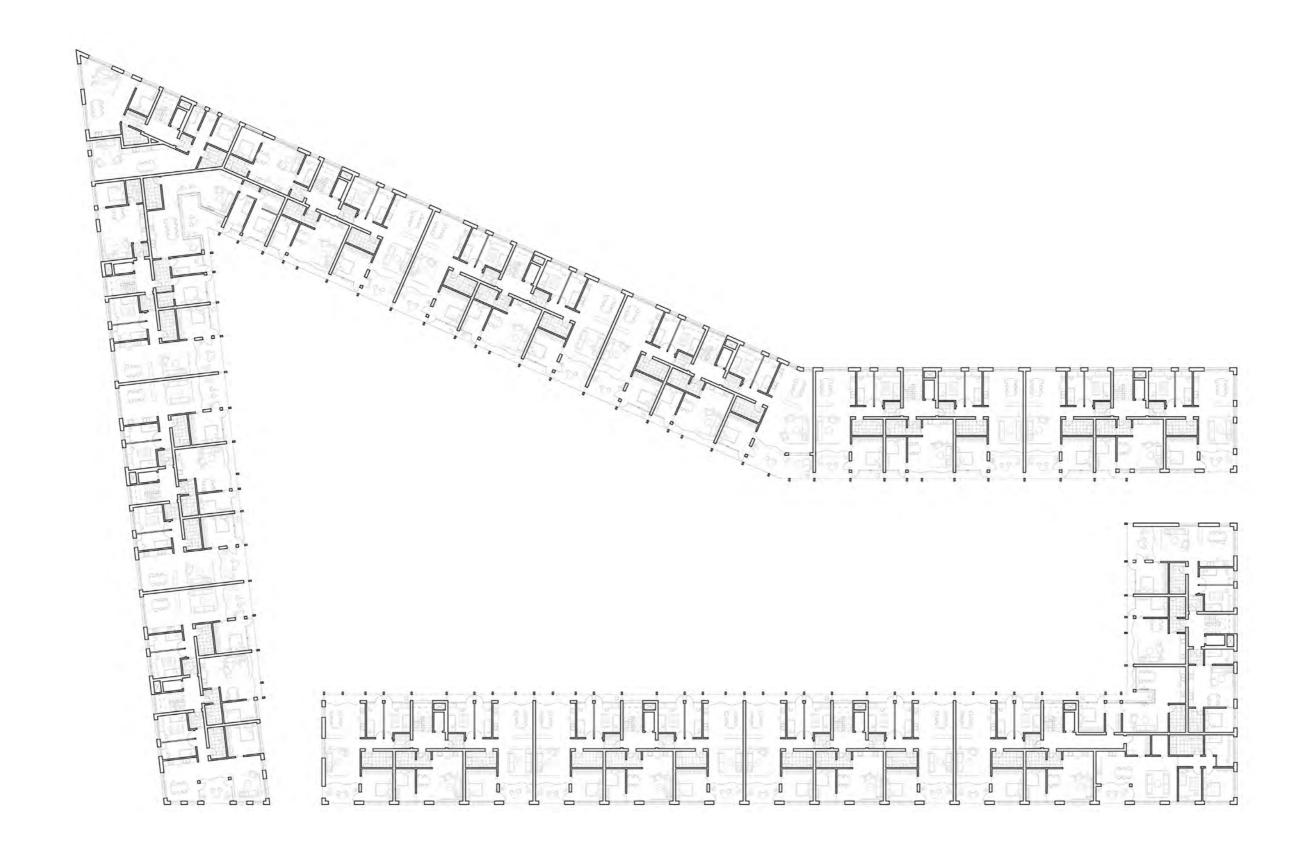
6 Bispevika, 2009 3 Bispevika, 1907

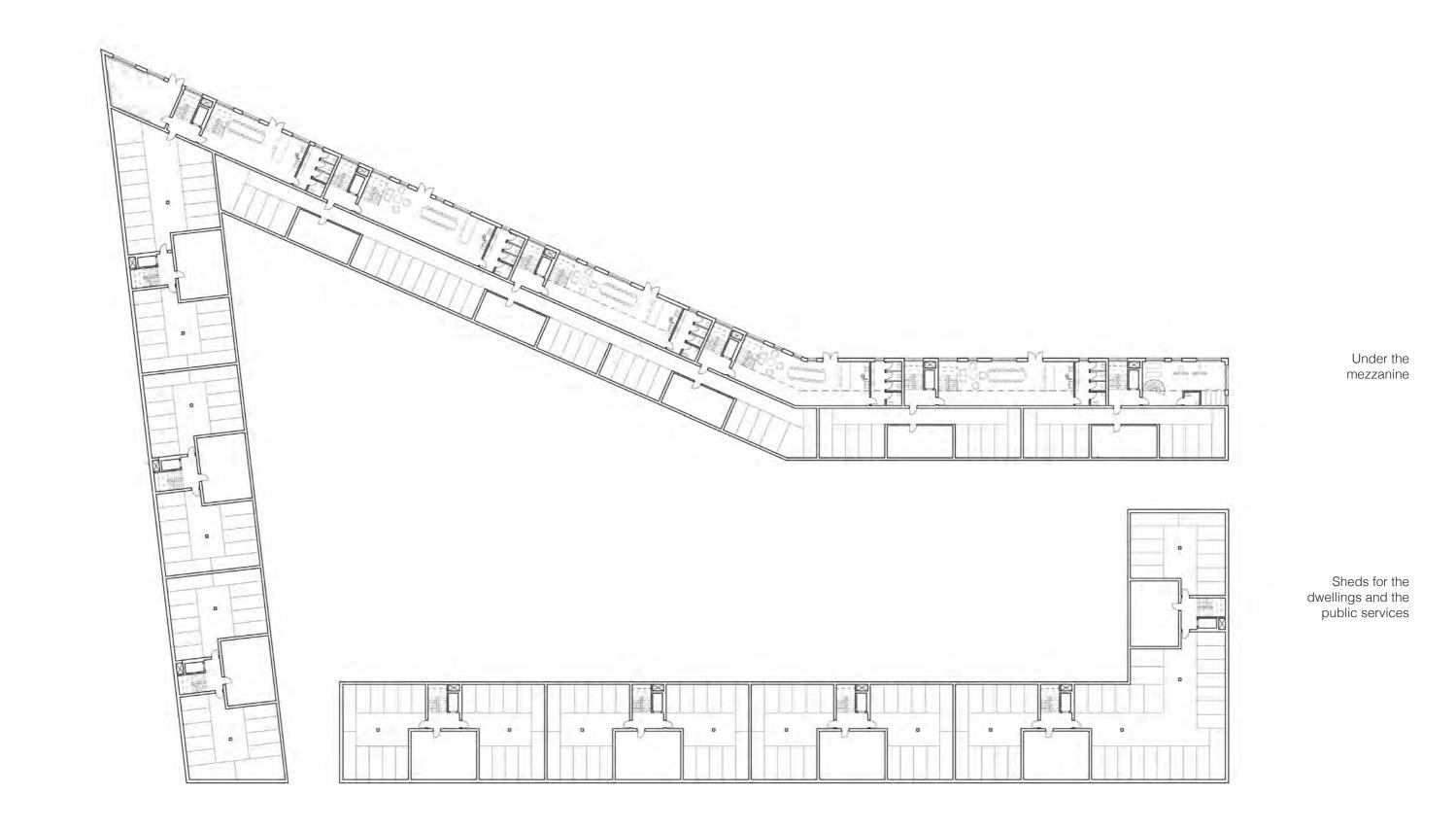
7 Bispevika, 2023 **4** Bispevika, 1973



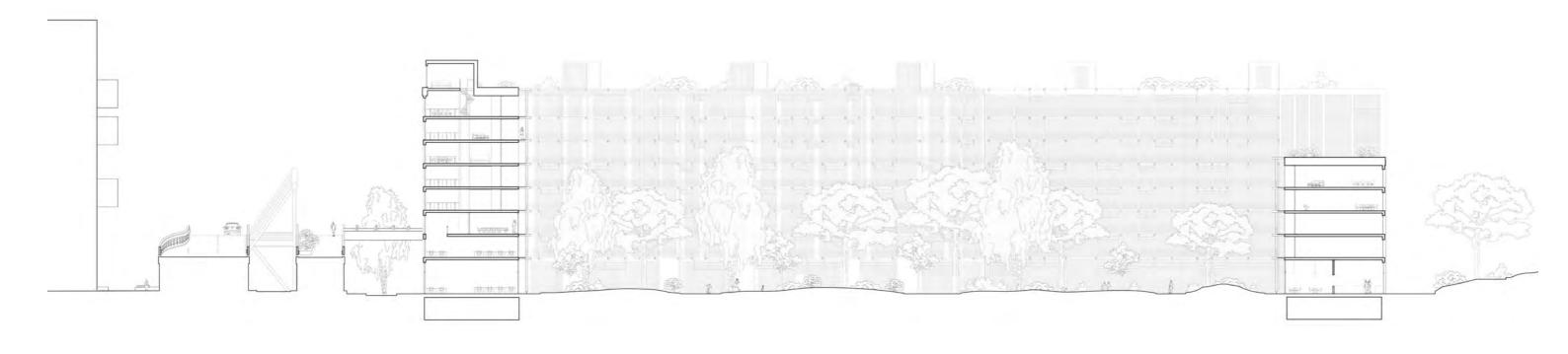






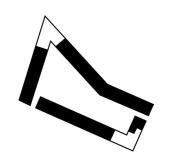


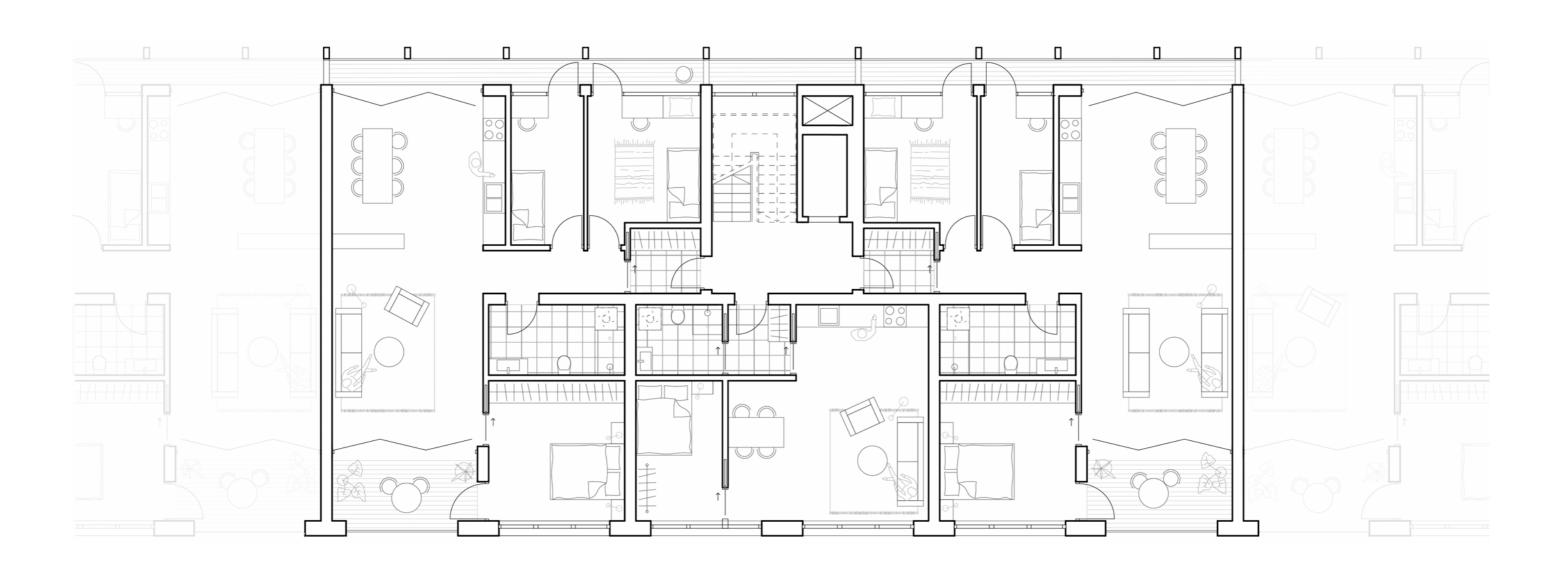
Original scale: 1:250



Longitudinal section

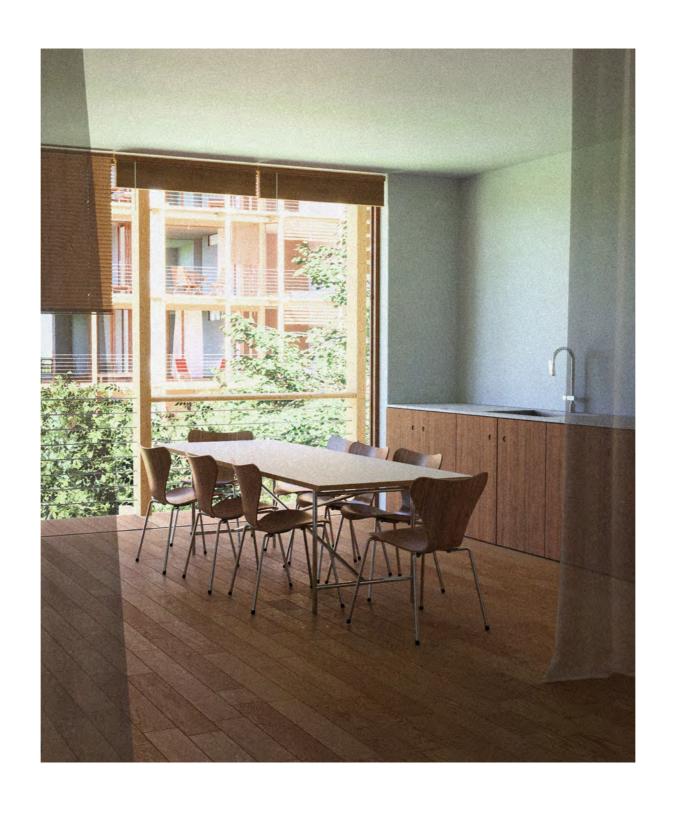
Original scale: 1:250



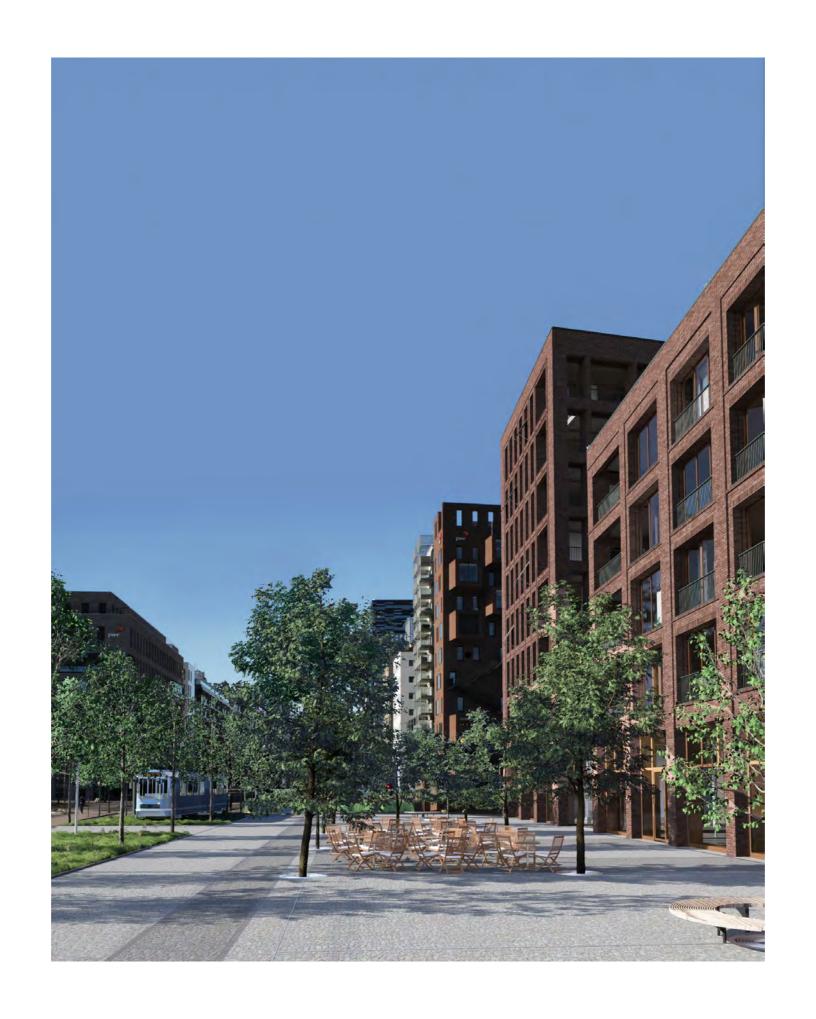


Typical 3 spanner

Original scale:1-100



Render From the living room





12/1- 40-60

