Question 1 is to be answered by all candidates (counts 50%)

1. In planning theory different perspectives have different implications for how to handle specific management issues. These perspectives include: 1) rational planning; 2) incremental planning; 3) communicative planning; and 4) the relationship between power and rationality.
   a) What are the core differences between the four approaches to planning mentioned above?
   b) Use these four approaches to discuss participation and flexibility in a specific management issue, such as the management of wild salmon (or other relevant examples).

In addition, answer either question 2. or question 3. (counts 50%):

2. Political ecology is a field of research with relevance to conflicts over natural resource management. When describing political ecology one often talks about the contrast between political ecology and “apolitical” ecology.
   a) Discuss the field of political ecology in terms of this contrast.
   b) Select a natural resource management conflict (such as wild salmon management) and discuss this conflict in relation to the differentiation between political ecology and “apolitical ecology”.

3. Use of knowledge is a problem in natural resource management. Discuss problems related to:
   a) … the sharing of knowledge between science and management (boundary objects), and
   b) … how rationality (and indirectly knowledge) is influenced by power.

Use a natural resource management issue (such as the management of wild salmon) to discuss such challenges.

Both questions answered must receive a grade of F or higher in order to pass the examination.

GOOD LUCK!