

Department of Biology

Examination paper for BI3010 – Population Genetics

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Other information:

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Checked by:

Date

Signature

The questions are weighted differently

Question 1. (Weight 4)

Define/explain the following topics (a-i):

a) Population
b) Metapopulation
c) Panmictic population
d) Genetic polymorphism
e) Gene flow
f) (Random) genetic drift
g) Natural selection
h) Genetically effective population size (N_e)
i) Observed (H_O) and Expected (H_E) heterozygosity

Question 2 (weight 1)

Assume a local panmictic population which usually counts $N_e = 500$ individuals. At a polymorphic locus with alleles A and B the frequency of allele A=0.60. In a specific generation the population receives a number of immigrants with frequency of A=0.10, and these individuals make up 40% of all the locally reproducing individuals this generation. Assume that the reproduction is panmictic and that generations are non-overlapping.

a) Calculate the expected frequency of allele A in the next generation

b) Is the next generation expected to be in Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium at the actual locus? Explain your answer.

Question3. (Weight 3)

a) What is "Linkage Disequilibrium", abbreviated "LD" (and also called "Gametic phase disequilibrium")?

b) Mention possible reasons for LD.

c) Assume two loci A and B, each with 2 alleles: A_1 and A_2 and B_1 and B_2 , respectively. The frequencies of gametes and alleles are listed in the table below. Calculate D and D'.

Gamete	Frequency	Allele	Frequency
A_1B_1	0,70	A_1	0,75
A_1B_2	0,05	A_2	0,25
A_2B_1	0,10	B_1	0,80
A_2B_2	0,15	B_2	0,20

Question 4. (weight 1)

In an experiment set up to estimate the heritabily (h^2) of body length at age = 2 years in alligatores, the average length at age 2 in the start population was 100cm. A sub-group with a mean length of 120cm was used to produce the next generation, which showed a mean body length of 108cm cm at at age 2 years. What was the heritability of the trait under selection?

Question 5. (Weight 2)

a) Describe the common understanding of the concept "molecular clock" and how this phenomenon has been explained traditionally.

b) Give an account for the most important critic against the use of molecular clocks.

Question 6. (Weight 3)

- a) What is the purpose of substitution models?
- b) Give a brief account for how the Jukes-Cantor model is developed.