

NORGES TEKNISK-  
NATURVITENSKAPELIGE UNIVERSITET  
INSTITUTT FOR KJEMI

**EKSAMEN I GENERELL KJEMI, KJ1000**  
Torsdag 10. desember 2009, 09:00 – 15:00

Eksamenssettet består av: Oppgavetekst (2 sider i tillegg til denne) og vedlegg (4 sider)

I vedlegget er periodisk system, oversikt over diverse ligninger, termodynamiske data og standard reduksjonspotensialer. Dessuten er flg. konstanter oppgitt:  $R = 8.314 \text{ J/mol}\cdot\text{K}$ ,  $R = 0.08206 \text{ L}\cdot\text{atm/mol}\cdot\text{K}$ ,  $F = 96485 \text{ C/mol}$

Hjelpebidrifter: Kalkulator (og om ønskelig molekylmodeller)

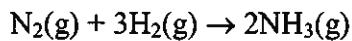
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Sensur: 7. januar 2010

1. a (1p) Elektronene i et atom karakteriseres av et sett kvantetall. Hvilke kvantetall er dette, og hvilke regler gjelder for de verdiene disse kvantetallene kan ha?
- b (2p) Atomene til et grunnstoff i nøytral tilstand har følgende elektronkonfigurasjon:  
 $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^5$   
Hvor mange protoner inneholder kjernen til atomene i dette grunnstoffet, og hvilket grunnstoff er det? Hvor mange uparrede elektroner har slike atomer i grunntilstanden? Er dette et paramagnetisk eller diamagnetisk grunnstoff?
- c (2p) Angi hvilke grunnstoff som dannes ved følgende radioaktive prosesser.  
Skriv reaksjonsligninger for prosessene:
1. Gull-185 sender ut en  $\alpha$ -partikkel
  2. Nitrogen-14 kolliderer med et nøytron som tas opp, og den ustabile kjernen sender ut et proton
- d (1p) Hva er oksydasjonstallene til grunnstoffene i følgende molekyler?  
 $HCl$ ,  $HClO_3$ ,  $O_2$ ,  $NH_3$   
Hvilke norske navn har disse forbindelsene?
- e (2p) Balanser følgende reaksjonsligninger:
- $$MnO_4^-(aq) + H_2O_2(aq) \rightarrow Mn^{2+}(aq) + O_2(g) \quad (\text{sur vannoppløsning})$$
- $$NO_2^-(aq) + Al(s) \rightarrow NH_3(aq) + AlO_2^-(aq) \quad (\text{basisk vannoppløsning})$$
- f (3p) Bruk VSEPR-teorien til å begrunne hvilken geometri følgende molekyler har:  
 $BrF_3$ ,  $XeF_4$   
Vil noen av disse molekylene ha et dipolmoment? Begrunn svaret.
- g (3p) 1. Den aktive bestanddelen i marihuana er tetrahydrocannabinol. Ved analyse viser en prøve seg å inneholde 8.070 g karbon, 0.968 g hydrogen og 1.024 g oksygen. Hva er stoffets empiriske formel?  
2. En vannoppløsning på 100.0 mL med 2.00 gram av stoffet gir ved 25 °C et osmotisk trykk på 1.56 atm. Hvilken molar masse svarer dette til, og hva er molekulformelen til tetrahydrocannabinol?
2. a (2p) Hvilken pH-verdi vil en 0.200 M vannoppløsning av  $HNO_2$  ha? Hva er det norske navnet til denne syren? (oppgett:  $K_a(HNO_2) = 4.6 \cdot 10^{-4}$ )
- b (2p) Til 100.0 mL av  $HNO_2$ -oppløsningen tilsettes 0.700 g fast  $NaNO_2$ . Hvilken type oppløsning er dette, og hva blir oppløsningens pH-verdi nå? Hva er det norske navnet til  $NaNO_2$ ?

3. En galvanisk celle består av en platinalektrode i en sur vannoppløsning av 0.600 M  $\text{Fe}(\text{NO}_3)_3$  og 0.0100 M  $\text{Fe}(\text{NO}_3)_2$  som den ene halvcellen og en nikkelektrode i en sur vannoppløsning av 1.00 M  $\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2$  som den andre halvcellen. Halvcellene er forbundet med en saltbru, og temperaturen er 25 °C.
- a (2p) Skriv reaksjonsligningen for den cellereaksjonen som er spontan under disse forholdene. Hva er cellespenningen og hvilken elektrode er anode?
- b (1p) Beregn  $\Delta G^\circ$  og likevektskonstantens verdi ved 25 °C for cellereaksjonen fra elektrokjemiske data.

4. Ammoniakk kan framstilles etter følgende reaksjon



- a (3p) Er  $\Delta S^\circ$  for denne reaksjonen positiv eller negativ? Svaret skal begrunnes. Beregn  $\Delta S^\circ$ ,  $\Delta H^\circ$  og  $\Delta G^\circ$  for reaksjonen fra termodynamiske data (oppgett:  $S^\circ(\text{H}_2(\text{g})) = 130.7 \text{ J/mol}\cdot\text{K}$ )
- b (2p) Beregne likevektskonstanten for reaksjonen ved 25 °C og ved 200 °C. Angi eventuelle antagelser du måtte gjøre under beregningene.
- c (2p) Når ammoniakk lages industrielt benyttes en katalysator. Hva er hensikten med en slik katalysator, og hvordan påvirker katalysatoren verdien av likevektskonstanten? Hvordan vil en økning av totaltrykket eller en økning av temperaturen påvirke likevektsposisjonen til denne reaksjonen?

5. Rørsukker spaltes i en sur oppløsning til glukose og fruktose. I et eksperiment måles følgende ved 25 °C:

tid (min.):	0	10	23	44	62
kons. av rørsukker (M):	0.500	0.438	0.369	0.279	0.220

- a (2p) Er dette en første ordens eller en andre ordens reaksjon? Svaret skal begrunnes. Bestem verdien til fartskonstanten,  $k$ .
- b (2p) Hva er halveringstiden til reaksjonen og hvor lang tid tar det før 95 % av rørsukkeret er spaltet?

Main groups														Main groups													
1A <sup>a</sup>		Metals												2A	Metalloids												8A
1	H 1.008	Metals		Metalloids		Nonmetals		13		14		15		16		17		2 He 4.003	18								
1	H 1.008	Li 6.941	Be 9.012																								
2	Li 6.941	Be 9.012																									
3	Na 22.99	Mg 24.31																									
4	K 39.10	Ca 40.08	Sc 44.96	Ti 47.87	V 50.94	Cr 52.00	Mn 54.94	Fe 55.85	Co 58.93	Ni 58.69	Cu 63.55	Zn 65.41	Ga 69.72	Ge 72.64	As 74.92	Se 78.96	Br 79.90	Kr 83.80									
5	Rb 85.47	Sr 87.62	Y 88.91	Zr 91.22	Nb 92.91	Nb 95.94	[98]	101.07	102.91	106.42	107.87	112.41	114.82	118.71	121.76	127.60	126.90	131.29									
6	Cs 132.91	Ba 137.33	La 138.91	Hf 178.49	Ta 180.95	W 183.84	Re 186.21	Os 190.23	Ru 192.22	Rh 195.08	Pd 196.97	Ag 200.59	Cd 204.38	In 207.2	Sn 208.98	Sb [208.98]	Te [209.99]	I [222.02]									
7	Fr [223.02]	Ra [226.03]	Ac [227.03]		104 [261.11]	105 [262.11]	106 [266.12]	107 [264.12]	108 [269.13]	109 [268.14]	110 [271]	111 [272]	112 [277]		114 [289]		116 [292]										

Lanthanide series	58 Ce 140.12	59 Pr 140.91	60 Nd 144.24	61 Pm [145]	62 Sm 150.36	63 Eu 151.96	64 Gd 157.25	65 Tb 158.93	66 Dy 162.50	67 Ho 164.93	68 Er 167.26	69 Tm 168.93	70 Yb 173.04	71 Lu 174.97
Actinide series	90 Th 232.04	91 Pa 231.04	92 U 238.03	93 Np [237.05]	94 Pu [244.06]	95 Am [243.06]	96 Cm [247.07]	97 Bk [247.07]	98 Cf [251.08]	99 Es [252.08]	100 Fm [257.10]	101 Md [258.10]	102 No [259.10]	103 Lr [262.11]

<sup>a</sup>The labels on top (1A, 2A, etc.) are common American usage. The labels below these (1, 2, etc.) are those recommended by the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry.

The names and symbols for elements 112 and above have not yet been decided.

Atomic masses in brackets are the masses of the longest-lived or most important isotope of radioactive elements.

# Selected Key Equations

**Density (1.6)**

$$d = \frac{m}{V}$$

**Solution Dilution (4.4)**

$$M_1 V_1 = M_2 V_2$$

**Ideal Gas Law (5.4)**

$$PV = nRT$$

**Dalton's Law (5.6)**

$$P_{\text{total}} = P_a + P_b + P_c + \dots$$

**Mole Fraction (5.6)**

$$\chi_a = \frac{n_a}{n_{\text{total}}}$$

**Average Kinetic Energy (5.8)**

$$KE_{\text{avg}} = \frac{3}{2} RT$$

**Root Mean Square Velocity (5.8)**

$$u_{\text{rms}} = \sqrt{\frac{3RT}{M}}$$

**Effusion (5.9)**

$$\frac{\text{rate A}}{\text{rate B}} = \sqrt{\frac{M_B}{M_A}}$$

**Van der Waals Equation (5.10)**

$$\left[ P + a \left( \frac{n}{V} \right)^2 \right] \times [V - nb] = nRT$$

**Kinetic Energy (6.1)**

$$KE = \frac{1}{2} mv^2$$

**Internal Energy (6.2)**

$$\Delta E = q + w$$

**Heat Capacity (6.3)**

$$q = m \times C_s \times \Delta T$$

**Pressure-Volume Work (6.3)**

$$w = -P \Delta V$$

**Change in Enthalpy (6.5)**

$$\Delta H = \Delta E + P \Delta V$$

**Standard Enthalpy of Reaction (6.8)**

$$\Delta H_{\text{rxn}}^{\circ} = \sum n_p \Delta H_f^{\circ} (\text{products}) - \sum n_r \Delta H_f^{\circ} (\text{reactants})$$

**Frequency and Wavelength (7.2)**

$$\nu = \frac{c}{\lambda}$$

**Energy of a Photon (7.2)**

$$E = hv$$

$$E = \frac{hc}{\lambda}$$

**De Broglie Relation (7.4)**

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{mv}$$

**Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle (7.4)**

$$\Delta x \times m \Delta v \geq \frac{h}{4\pi}$$

**Energy of Hydrogen Atom Levels (7.5)**

$$E_n = -2.18 \times 10^{-18} J \left( \frac{1}{n^2} \right) \quad (n = 1, 2, 3 \dots)$$

**Coulomb's Law (9.2)**

$$E = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q_1 q_2}{r}$$

**Dipole Moment (9.6)**

$$\mu = qr$$

**Clausius-Clapeyron Equation (11.5)**

$$\ln P_{\text{vap}} = \frac{-\Delta H_{\text{vap}}}{RT} + \ln \beta$$

$$\ln \frac{P_2}{P_1} = \frac{-\Delta H_{\text{vap}}}{R} \left( \frac{1}{T_2} - \frac{1}{T_1} \right)$$

**Henry's Law (12.4)**

$$S_{\text{gas}} = k_H P_{\text{gas}}$$

**Raoult's Law (12.6)**

$$P_{\text{solution}} = \chi_{\text{solvent}} P_{\text{solvent}}^{\circ}$$

**Freezing Point Depression (12.7)**

$$\Delta T_f = m \times K_f$$

**Boiling Point Elevation Constant (12.7)**

$$\Delta T_b = m \times K_b$$

**Osmotic Pressure (12.7)**

$$\Pi = MRT$$

**The Rate Law (13.3)**

$$\text{Rate} = k[A]^n \quad (\text{single reactant})$$

$$\text{Rate} = k[A]^m[B]^n \quad (\text{multiple reactants})$$

**Integrated Rate Laws and Half-Life (13.4)**

Order	Integrated Rate Law	Half-Life Expression
0	$[A]_t = -kt + [A]_0$	$t_{1/2} = \frac{[A]_0}{2k}$
1	$\ln[A]_t = -kt + \ln[A]_0$	$t_{1/2} = \frac{0.693}{k}$
2	$\frac{1}{[A]_t} = kt + \frac{1}{[A]_0}$	$t_{1/2} = \frac{1}{k[A]_0}$

**Arrhenius Equation (13.5)**

$$k = A e^{\frac{-E_a}{RT}}$$

$$\ln k = -\frac{E_a}{R} \left( \frac{1}{T} \right) + \ln A \quad (\text{linearized form})$$

$$k = p z e^{\frac{-E_a}{RT}} \quad (\text{collision theory})$$

 **$K_c$  and  $K_p$  (14.4)**

$$K_p = K_c (RT)^{\Delta n}$$

**pH Scale (15.5)**

$$\text{pH} = -\log[H_3O^+]$$

**Henderson-Hasselbalch Equation (16.2)**

$$\text{pH} = \text{p}K_a + \log \frac{[\text{base}]}{[\text{acid}]}$$

**Entropy (17.3)**

$$S = k \ln W$$

**Change in the Entropy of the Surroundings (17.4)**

$$\Delta S_{\text{surr}} = \frac{-\Delta H_{\text{sys}}}{T}$$

**Change in Gibb's Free Energy (17.5)**

$$\Delta G = \Delta H - T \Delta S$$

**The Change in Free Energy: Nonstandard Conditions (17.8)**

$$\Delta G_{\text{rxn}} = \Delta G_{\text{rxn}}^{\circ} + RT \ln Q$$

 **$\Delta G_{\text{rxn}}^{\circ}$  and  $K$  (17.9)**

$$\Delta G_{\text{rxn}}^{\circ} = -RT \ln K$$

**Temperature Dependence of the Equilibrium Constant (17.9)**

$$\ln K = -\frac{\Delta H_{\text{rxn}}^{\circ}}{R} \left( \frac{1}{T} \right) + \frac{\Delta S_{\text{rxn}}^{\circ}}{R}$$

 **$\Delta G^{\circ}$  and  $E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ}$  (18.5)**

$$\Delta G^{\circ} = -nFE_{\text{cell}}^{\circ}$$

 **$E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ}$  and  $K$  (18.5)**

$$E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} = \frac{0.0592 \text{ V}}{n} \log K$$

**Nernst Equation (18.6)**

$$E_{\text{cell}} = E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} - \frac{0.0592 \text{ V}}{n} \log Q$$

**Einstein's Energy-Mass Equation (19.8)**

$$E = mc^2$$

A-10 APPENDIX II: USEFUL DATA

Substance	$\Delta H_f^\circ$ (kJ/mol)	$\Delta G_f^\circ$ (kJ/mol)	$S^\circ$ (J/mol · K)	Substance	$\Delta H_f^\circ$ (kJ/mol)	$\Delta G_f^\circ$ (kJ/mol)	$S^\circ$ (J/mol · K)
$\text{Hg}^{2+}(aq)$	170.21	164.4	-36.19	<b>Phosphorus</b>			
$\text{Hg}_2^{2+}(aq)$	166.87	153.5	65.74	$\text{P}(s, \text{white})$	0	0	41.1
$\text{HgCl}_2(s)$	-224.3	-178.6	146.0	$\text{P}(s, \text{red})$	-17.6	-12.1	22.8
$\text{HgO}(s)$	-90.8	-58.5	70.3	$\text{P}(g)$	316.5	280.1	163.2
$\text{HgS}(s)$	-58.2	-50.6	82.4	$\text{P}_2(g)$	144.0	103.5	218.1
$\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2(s)$	-265.4	-210.7	191.6	$\text{P}_4(g)$	58.9	24.4	280.0
<b>Nickel</b>				$\text{PCl}_3(l)$	-319.7	-272.3	217.1
$\text{Ni}(s)$	0	0	29.9	$\text{PCl}_3(g)$	-287.0	-267.8	311.8
$\text{Ni}(g)$	429.7	384.5	182.2	$\text{PCl}_5(s)$	-443.5		
$\text{NiCl}_2(s)$	-305.3	-259.0	97.7	$\text{PCl}_5(g)$	-374.9	-305.0	364.6
$\text{NiO}(s)$	-239.7	-211.7	37.99	$\text{PF}_5(g)$	-1594.4	-1520.7	300.8
$\text{NiS}(s)$	-82.0	-79.5	53.0	$\text{PH}_3(g)$	5.4	13.5	210.2
<b>Nitrogen</b>				$\text{POCl}_3(l)$	-597.1	-520.8	222.5
$\text{N}(g)$	472.7	455.5	153.3	$\text{POCl}_3(g)$	-558.5	-512.9	325.5
$\text{N}_2(g)$	0	0	191.6	$\text{PO}_4^{3-}(aq)$	-1277.4	-1018.7	-220.5
$\text{NF}_3(g)$	-132.1	-90.6	260.8	$\text{HPO}_4^{2-}(aq)$	-1292.1	-1089.2	-33.5
$\text{NH}_3(g)$	-45.9	-16.4	192.8	$\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^-(aq)$	-1296.3	-1130.2	90.4
$\text{NH}_3(aq)$	-80.29	-26.50	111.3	$\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4(s)$	-1284.4	-1124.3	110.5
$\text{NH}_4^+(aq)$	-133.26	-79.31	111.17	$\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4(aq)$	-1288.3	-1142.6	158.2
$\text{NH}_4\text{Br}(s)$	-270.8	-175.2	113.0	$\text{P}_4\text{O}_6(s)$	-1640.1		
$\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}(s)$	-314.4	-202.9	94.6	$\text{P}_4\text{O}_{10}(s)$	-2984	-2698	228.9
$\text{NH}_4\text{CN}(s)$	0.4			<b>Platinum</b>			
$\text{NH}_4\text{F}(s)$	-464.0	-348.7	72.0	$\text{Pt}(s)$	0	0	41.6
$\text{NH}_4\text{HCO}_3(s)$	-849.4	-665.9	120.9	$\text{Pt}(g)$	565.3	520.5	192.4
$\text{NH}_4\text{I}(s)$	-201.4	-112.5	117.0	<b>Potassium</b>			
$\text{NH}_4\text{NO}_3(s)$	-365.6	-183.9	151.1	$\text{K}(s)$	0	0	64.7
$\text{NH}_4\text{NO}_3(aq)$	-339.9	-190.6	259.8	$\text{K}(g)$	89.0	60.5	160.3
$\text{HNO}_3(g)$	-133.9	-73.5	266.9	$\text{K}^+(aq)$	-252.14	-283.3	101.2
$\text{HNO}_3(aq)$	-207	-110.9	146	$\text{KBr}(s)$	-393.8	-380.7	95.9
$\text{NO}(g)$	91.3	87.6	210.8	$\text{KCN}(s)$	-113.0	-101.9	128.5
$\text{NO}_2(g)$	33.2	51.3	240.1	$\text{KCl}(s)$	-436.5	-408.5	82.6
$\text{NO}_3^-(aq)$	-206.85	-110.2	146.70	$\text{KClO}_3(s)$	-397.7	-296.3	143.1
$\text{NOBr}(g)$	82.2	82.4	273.7	$\text{KClO}_4(s)$	-432.8	-303.1	151.0
$\text{NOCl}(g)$	51.7	66.1	261.7	$\text{KF}(s)$	-567.3	-537.8	66.6
$\text{N}_2\text{H}_4(l)$	50.6	149.3	121.2	$\text{KI}(s)$	-327.9	-324.9	106.3
$\text{N}_2\text{H}_4(g)$	95.4	159.4	238.5	$\text{KNO}_3(s)$	-494.6	-394.9	133.1
$\text{N}_2\text{O}(g)$	81.6	103.7	220.0	$\text{KOH}(s)$	-424.6	-379.4	81.2
$\text{N}_2\text{O}_4(l)$	-19.5	97.5	209.2	$\text{KOH}(aq)$	-482.4	-440.5	91.6
$\text{N}_2\text{O}_4(g)$	11.1	99.8	304.4	$\text{KO}_2(s)$	-284.9	-239.4	116.7
$\text{N}_2\text{O}_5(s)$	-43.1	113.9	178.2	$\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3(s)$	-1151.0	-1063.5	155.5
$\text{N}_2\text{O}_5(g)$	13.3	117.1	355.7	$\text{K}_2\text{O}(s)$	-361.5	-322.1	94.14
<b>Oxygen</b>				$\text{K}_2\text{O}_2(s)$	-494.1	-425.1	102.1
$\text{O}(g)$	249.2	231.7	161.1	$\text{K}_2\text{SO}_4(s)$	-1437.8	-1321.4	175.6
$\text{O}_2(g)$	0	0	205.2	<b>Rubidium</b>			
$\text{O}_3(g)$	142.7	163.2	238.9	$\text{Rb}(s)$	0	0	76.8
$\text{OH}^-(aq)$	-230.02	-157.3	-10.90	$\text{Rb}(g)$	80.9	53.1	170.1
$\text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	-285.8	-237.1	70.0	$\text{Rb}^+(aq)$	-251.12	-283.1	121.75
$\text{H}_2\text{O}(g)$	-241.8	-228.6	188.8	$\text{RbBr}(s)$	-394.6	-381.8	110.0
$\text{H}_2\text{O}_2(l)$	-187.8	-120.4	109.6	$\text{RbCl}(s)$	-435.4	-407.8	95.9
$\text{H}_2\text{O}_2(g)$	-136.3	-105.6	232.7	$\text{RbClO}_3(s)$	-392.4	-292.0	152

## D. Standard Reduction Half-Cell Potentials at 25 °C

Half-Reaction	$E^\circ$ (V)	Half-Reaction	$E^\circ$ (V)
$\text{F}_2(g) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2 \text{F}^-(aq)$	2.87	$\text{BiO}^+(aq) + 2 \text{H}^+(aq) + 3 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Bi}(s) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	0.32
$\text{O}_3(g) + 2 \text{H}^+(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{O}_2(g) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	2.08	$\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2(s) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2 \text{Hg}(l) + 2 \text{Cl}^-(aq)$	0.27
$\text{Ag}^{2+}(aq) + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Ag}^+(aq)$	1.98	$\text{AgCl}(s) + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Ag}(s) + \text{Cl}^-(aq)$	0.22
$\text{Co}^{3+}(aq) + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Co}^{2+}(aq)$	1.82	$\text{SO}_4^{2-}(aq) + 4 \text{H}^+(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{H}_2\text{SO}_3(aq) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	0.20
$\text{H}_2\text{O}_2(aq) + 2 \text{H}^+(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	1.78	$\text{Cu}^{2+}(aq) + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Cu}^+(aq)$	0.16
$\text{PbO}_2(s) + 4 \text{H}^+(aq) + \text{SO}_4^{2-}(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{PbSO}_4(s) + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	1.69	$\text{Sn}^{4+}(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Sn}^{2+}(aq)$	0.15
		$\text{S}(s) + 2 \text{H}^+(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{H}_2\text{S}(g)$	0.14
$\text{MnO}_4^-(aq) + 4 \text{H}^+(aq) + 3 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{MnO}_2(s) + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	1.68	$\text{AgBr}(s) + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Ag}(s) + \text{Br}^-(aq)$	0.071
$2 \text{HClO}(aq) + 2 \text{H}^+(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Cl}_2(g) + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	1.61	$2 \text{H}^+(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{H}_2(g)$	0.00
$\text{MnO}_4^-(aq) + 8 \text{H}^+(aq) + 5 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Mn}^{2+}(aq) + 4 \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	1.51	$\text{Fe}^{3+}(aq) + 3 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Fe}(s)$	-0.036
$\text{Au}^{3+}(aq) + 3 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Au}(s)$	1.50	$\text{Pb}^{2+}(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Pb}(s)$	-0.13
$2 \text{BrO}_3^-(aq) + 12 \text{H}^+(aq) + 10 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Br}_2(l) + 6 \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	1.48	$\text{Sn}^{2+}(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Sn}(s)$	-0.14
$\text{PbO}_2(s) + 4 \text{H}^+(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Pb}^{2+}(aq) + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	1.46	$\text{AgI}(s) + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Ag}(s) + \text{I}^-(aq)$	-0.15
$\text{Cl}_2(g) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^-(aq)$	1.36	$\text{N}_2(g) + 5 \text{H}^+(aq) + 4 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{N}_2\text{H}_5^+(aq)$	-0.23
$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}(aq) + 14 \text{H}^+(aq) + 6 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2 \text{Cr}^{3+}(aq) + 7 \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	1.33	$\text{Ni}^{2+}(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Ni}(s)$	-0.23
$\text{O}_2(g) + 4 \text{H}^+(aq) + 4 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	1.23	$\text{Co}^{2+}(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Co}(s)$	-0.28
$\text{MnO}_2(s) + 4 \text{H}^+(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Mn}^{2+}(aq) + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	1.21	$\text{PbSO}_4(s) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Pb}(s) + \text{SO}_4^{2-}(aq)$	-0.36
$\text{IO}_3^-(aq) + 6 \text{H}^+(aq) + 5 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \frac{1}{2}\text{I}_2(aq) + 3 \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	1.20	$\text{Cd}^{2+}(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Cd}(s)$	-0.40
$\text{Br}_2(l) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2 \text{Br}^-(aq)$	1.09	$\text{Fe}^{2+}(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Fe}(s)$	-0.45
$\text{AuCl}_4^-(aq) + 3 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Au}(s) + 4 \text{Cl}^-(aq)$	1.00	$2 \text{CO}_2(g) + 2 \text{H}^+(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{H}_2\text{C}_2\text{O}_4(aq)$	-0.49
$\text{VO}_2^+(aq) + 2 \text{H}^+(aq) + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{VO}^{2+}(aq) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	0.99	$\text{Cr}^{3+}(aq) + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Cr}^{2+}(aq)$	-0.50
$\text{HNO}_2(aq) + \text{H}^+(aq) + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{NO}(g) + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	0.98	$\text{Cr}^{3+}(aq) + 3 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Cr}(s)$	-0.73
$\text{NO}_3^-(aq) + 4 \text{H}^+(aq) + 3 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{NO}(g) + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	0.96	$\text{Zn}^{2+}(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Zn}(s)$	-0.76
$\text{ClO}_2(g) + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{ClO}_2^-(aq)$	0.95	$2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(l) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{H}_2(g) + 2 \text{OH}^-(aq)$	-0.83
$2 \text{Hg}^{2+}(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2 \text{Hg}_2^{2+}(aq)$	0.92	$\text{Mn}^{2+}(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Mn}(s)$	-1.18
$\text{Ag}^+(aq) + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Ag}(s)$	0.80	$\text{Al}^{3+}(aq) + 3 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Al}(s)$	-1.66
$\text{Hg}_2^{2+}(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2 \text{Hg}(l)$	0.80	$\text{H}_2(g) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2 \text{H}^-(aq)$	-2.23
$\text{Fe}^{3+}(aq) + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Fe}^{2+}(aq)$	0.77	$\text{Mg}^{2+}(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Mg}(s)$	-2.37
$\text{PtCl}_4^{2-}(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Pt}(s) + 4 \text{Cl}^-(aq)$	0.76	$\text{La}^{3+}(aq) + 3 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{La}(s)$	-2.38
$\text{O}_2(g) + 2 \text{H}^+(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{H}_2\text{O}_2(aq)$	0.70	$\text{Na}^+(aq) + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Na}(s)$	-2.71
$\text{MnO}_4^-(aq) + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{MnO}_4^{2-}(aq)$	0.56	$\text{Ca}^{2+}(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Ca}(s)$	-2.76
$\text{I}_2(s) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2 \text{I}^-(aq)$	0.54	$\text{Ba}^{2+}(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Ba}(s)$	-2.90
$\text{Cu}^+(aq) + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Cu}(s)$	0.52	$\text{K}^+(aq) + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{K}(s)$	-2.92
$\text{O}_2(g) + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(l) + 4 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow 4 \text{OH}^-(aq)$	0.40	$\text{Li}^+(aq) + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Li}(s)$	-3.04
$\text{Cu}^{2+}(aq) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Cu}(s)$	0.34		

## E. Vapor Pressure of Water at Various Temperatures

T (°C)	P (torr)						
0	4.58	21	18.65	35	42.2	92	567.0
5	6.54	22	19.83	40	55.3	94	610.9
10	9.21	23	21.07	45	71.9	96	657.6
12	10.52	24	22.38	50	92.5	98	707.3
14	11.99	25	23.76	55	118.0	100	760.0
16	13.63	26	25.21	60	149.4	102	815.9
17	14.53	27	26.74	65	187.5	104	875.1
18	15.48	28	28.35	70	233.7	106	937.9
19	16.48	29	30.04	80	355.1	108	1004.4
20	17.54	30	31.82	90	525.8	110	1074.6